BEAVER ARGUS.

Wednesday, Mar. 23, 1864.

D. L. IMBRIE, Editor & Proprietor.

TERMS—One Dollar and Fifty Cents per annum IN ADVANCE; otherwise Two Dollars will be charged. No paper discontinued until all arrearages are settled.

☞ Letters and communications, by mail shall have prompt attention.

[From McMillan's Magazine.]

## BE JUST AND FEAR NOT.

BY THE DEAN OF CANTERBURY.

Speak thou the truth. Let others fence,
And trim their swords for pay;
In pleasant sunshine of pretence
Let others bask their day.

Guard thou the fact, though clouds of night
Down on the watch-tower stoop;
Though thou should'st see thine heart's delight
Borne from thee by their swoop.

Face thou the wind. Though safer seem
In shelter to abide,
We were not made to sit and dream;
The safe must first be tried.

Where God hath set His thorns about,
Cry not "The way is plain:"
His path within for those without
Is paved with toil and pain.

One fragment of His blessed Word,
Into thy spirit burned,
Is better than the whole half heard,
And by thine interest turned.

Show thou the light. If conscience gleam,
Set not the bushel down;
The smallest spark may rend his beam
O'er hamlet, tower, and town.

Woe, Woe to him on safety bent,
Who creeps to age from youth,
Failing to grasp his life's intent
Because he fears the truth.

Be true to every inmost thought,
And, as thy thought, thy speech;
What thou hast not by suffering bought
Presume thou not to teach.

Hold on, hold on—thou hast the rock;
The foes are on the sand;
The first world-tempest's ruthless shock
Scatters their shifting strand;

While each wild gust the mist shall clear
We now see darkly through,
And justified at last appear
All true in him that's True.

OLD BUCK'S MEANNESS.—The Lancaster *Examiner* relates the following incident of old Buck's parsimony and meanness:

We understand that when the committee appointed by the citizens of Lancaster township to collect funds for a local bounty, waited upon ex-President Buchanan they were received very coolly and cavalierly.—The old public functionary" when asked to *subscribe*, said he did not *think it right* to raise volunteers in *that way*: that it was the duty of every young man to serve his country, and he should *volunteer* his services; that when he was a young man he did so and marched to Baltimore, but that he would hold the matter under advisement, and the committee could call again. The committee (his own immediate neighbors) left with extreme disgust at this unpatriotic & miserly dodge of the old traitor. Afterwards, when they were told by an ignorant worshipper of Buchanan that surely would he would subscribe, offer was indignantly rejected. Poorer or better men than the old dotard of Wheatland had the amount necessary and his money, drawn from the treasury of a government he had done his best to destroy, was considerately and righteously refused.

☞ The Kinderhook *Rough Notes* cuts off the following joke about Job: "It is supposed by many unthinking persons who read the Scriptures in the same careless manner that they run through a newspaper—taking everything they read in a literal sense—that old Job was actually afflicted with boils or eruptive sores. Now, to the casual reader this deduction is plain enough; but when his occupation is taken into consideration, a very different conclusion will be arrived at. Job, it will be recollected, was a printer—or what is about the same thing, he wished his words were printed in a book; and these boils were nothing more than his non paying subscribers, the thought of whose delinquencies were really a plague to him whenever a bill for paper, or other material, came in, as these subscriptions were depended on to realize the amount due. Yet they merely proved the evidence of things hoped for, but the substance of things not seen. Then, these 'comforters' that surrounded him they were his creditors, whose continual cawing for pay was enough to make a man even with his reputed patience, to feel sore all over, as well as mean enough to creep into an ash heap, and scratch himself with a pot-hook or a clam-shell by means of working off an extra bile. That's what the matter was with Job. We can sympathize with him for we are often placed in the same fix, and have even got such a 'spell' on now. Nothing but a few 'greenbacks' will remove it.

# BEAVER ARGUS.

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### Gen Sherman's Expedition.

[*From the Nashville Union, March 3.*]

The mystery which has so long shrouded the designs of General Sherman is beginning to be dispelled by the course of events. That he is now returning leisurely to Vicksburg, without the least apprehension of danger, appears to be settled, if we are to believe the statements of the rebel telegrams, bearing dates, and sent from diverse points, by different parties; and their general concurrence is evidence of their truthfulness.

The question, then, naturally arises—what were his designs, and how far was he enabled to accomplish his purposes? And preparatory to answering, it will be necessary to briefly refer to the situation of affairs in Mississippi.

The farmers of the northern and central portions of the State, relying on a Union advance, and feeling secure, on account of their isolation, from rebel impressments, had planted largely, both of corn and potatoes; but notwithstanding the hoped for immunity, no sooner had the crops matured, than a heavy cavalry force under Lee and Forrest, was sent thither to gather them, and send them to railroad stations for transportation to Georgia. The subsistence thus obtained was a matter of the first importance to the rebels, and well did the Richmond Whig declare that to cut these off would be to damage them more than to win a victory.

In the next place, the railroad from Selma to the Big Black was in running order; and we have reason to believe that it was meditated at Richmond to seize and hold some point on the Mississippi; at least to hold it long enough to interrupt communication for some time, and perhaps to draw reinforcements from Arkansas or Texas. In the attempt, they must have failed; but a large force would have been necessary, in order to thwart their designs. Indeed, a few thousand rebel troops, judiciously distributed, might keep a large army employed in defending the bank of the river.

The expedition of Sherman has not only cut off the rebel supplies, to which we have referred, but it has also rendered an attack on any point on the Mississippi untenable. The destruction of the railroad, adding force big bee is better than" of 20,000 men has been effectually done. That Bridges, ties and culverts were burned, and rails bent so as to render them worthless; and we are all aware that there are not facilities in Dixie to replace them. Indeed, we doubt if, under the circumstances, the road could be put in running order in four months.

But this was not all. The extension of this road was destroyed as far as the Tombigbee, and perhaps farther, though we have no positive information upon that point; and the Mobile and Ohio road was rendered equally worthless as far south as Quitman, and to a place twenty miles north of Meridian.

This will effectually cut off the corn fields of North Mississippi, and will end all apprehensions of a rebel raid on the Mississippi river.

It is almost certain that Sherman would have penetrated as far as Montgomery, had not the expeditions of Smith and Grierson failed and rendered communication with the Tennessee river impossible. Much has been lost by that failure; but with this drawback Sherman's expedition has been productive of as many advantages as any other since the war began.

We will also refer to one thing more it effected. It is not now out of place to refer to the weakness of our army during the winter, on account of the absence of two thirds of the men on veteran furlough; the return of the greater portion of these troops, with the arrival of large bodies of recruits, has rendered it useless to hold the secret longer. The diversion created by Sherman prevented Johnston from attempting to take any advantage of our weakness; and if nothing but this had been accomplished, the the expedition would not only have been fully justified, but absolutely demanded.

☞ The Springfield *Republican* discovers that Brigham Young is better off than the King of Ashantee. He can have as many wives as he wants, while the African sovereign is limited to 5833.

### "Lieut. Gen. Grant in the Field."

The whole country, except the fraction still held by the rebels, has learned from the General Order issued by President Lincoln, that Gen. Grant will not be withdrawn from active service, but that he will continue in "in the field." We do not understand, however, either from the language of the Order itself, or from any other authentic source, that General Grant will continue in the South-west or in any other particular field. The language of the Order is: 'the headquarters of the army will be in Washington, *and also* with Lieut. General Grant in the field;" which would seem to mean that the headquarters will be equally wherever Gen. Grant is.

Maj. Gen. Sherman having been assigned to the command of the Military Division of the Mississippi, it is evident, not from that circumstance alone, however, that Gen Grant will not be confined exclusively to that or any other quarter of the country.—He has already given evidence of what he intends in this respect. Like the ship Captain that understands thoroughly his busine s, he will post his officers and men, while he himself will move about on deck as circumstances shall require. He will be Captain, indeed; and no one will share with him whatever belongs to that position. It is this fact that so much gratifies the country.

We are inclined to adhere to the opinion that Gen. Grant will, for some time to come, be found more in the East than in the West, and that the Army of the Potomac will be made to play a very important part in the next campaign. It is scarcely probable that he will lead personally, but he will occupy a position "in the field" so as to direct all the operations in the grand movement he will put in motion.

☞ An Eastern paper gives the following seasonable and excellent rules for young men commencing business:

The world estimates men by their success in life, and, by general consent, success is evidence of ability.

Never, under any circumstances, you can avoid assume a reswith your duty to your consists others.

Base all your actions upon a principle of right; preserve your integrity of character, and in doing this never reckon on the cost.

Remember that self-interest is more likely to warp your judgment than all other circumstances combined; therefore look well to your duty, when your interest is concerned.

Never make money at the expense of your reputation.

Be never lavish nor niggardly; of the two avoid the latter. A mean man is universally despised, but public favor is a stepping-stone to preferment; therefore generous feelings should be cultivated.

Say but little—think much and do more.

Let your expenses be such as to leave a balance in your pocket. Ready money is a friend in need.

Keep clear of the law; for even if you gain the case, you are generally a loser.

Avoid borrowing and lending.

Wine drinking and smoking cigars are bad habits; they impair the mind and pocket, and lead to a waste of time.

Never relate your misfortune, and never give over what you cannot prevent.

☞ The recent death of Hon. Jno. E. Bouligny, of Louisiana, will doubtless recall to the minds of our readers the noble and independent stand taken by him at the time of the secession of the other Southern members of Congress. Amid all the scorn and sneers of his late fellow-members he closed his speech with the following patriotic words:

"When I came here I took the oath to sustain the constitution of the United States. What does this mean?—Does not the constitution of the United States mean the Union of the United States? I so understand it; and to that oath I shall adhere firmly to the end. Whenever I am instructed by my immediate constituents, and am requested by them to withdraw from Congress, I shall comply with those instructions as soon as they are received. Then, and not until then, I shall resign; and after resigning my position, I shall yet be a Union man, and stand under the flag of the country which gave me birth."

### A Painful [illegible]

The following is a [illegible] letter written by a [illegible] Seaton, near Axmin[illegible]

There is a small [illegible] here that is literal[illegible] by measles, the children [illegible] dozens. The inhabitan[illegible] ors and fishermen, and [illegible] the year always in want [illegible] children do not die of the [illegible] but of weakness and [illegible] wards. We see all [illegible] soup and doing what [illegible] poor starved things! [illegible] the hill twenty-nine [illegible] receive a blanket, sheet, 4 [illegible] oz. of tea, and 4 yards of [illegible] The bell is tolling constantly, [illegible] six children are brought over [illegible] in a cart to be buried daily. [illegible] together is like a thing [illegible] dream of. The mothers themselves look like hungry wolves, without a feeling left for their dead children. I have only seen one woman crying. [illegible] I said a kind word, such as "The summer is coming, and better times," [illegible] God," and they sob as if they would go into hysterics from weakness. In one den I visited, there were six children lying before the fireplace, and I asked the woman if they were hungry.—"No," she said, "that God they are not so hungry as I am, for I have nothing to give them. If I could eat the table board, I could only give them my work and strength, and the dead children are the best off, poor things. I have found a true-hearted farmer's wife, who lends me her kitchen and boils the soup for them. These poor children die in the ark, and the mothers haze to watch for daylight to see them, not having candle in the house. It is sad work, and I feel ashamed of myself every night when I come home and sit down to a good tea. I myself have spent three days in Beer, and I think the misery beats anything I ever beheld."

One of the [illegible] of Wisconsin [illegible] where he might. He arrived for the night at one of the pioneer's cabins. The old woman, while preparing supper, entered into a conversation with the visitor, and the following colloquy took place:

"Stranger, where mout you be from?"

"Madam, I reside in Shelby county, Kentucky."

"Wall, stranger, I hope no offence, but what mout you be doin' way up here?"

"Madam, I am searching for the lost sheep of the house of Israel."

"John; John!" shouted the old lady, "come right here this minit; here's a stranger all the way from Shelby co., Kentucky, hunting stock, and I'll just bet my life that tangled-haired old ram that's been in our lot for the last week is one of his'n!"

THE ANTIETAM BATTLE-FIELD.—The Baltimore *American* says: In the Maryland Senate, the Committee of the Antietam battle field reported in favor of the purchase of twenty acres of the battle-field, and jointly with the State of New York, which agrees to bear half the expense, to re-inter therein the remains of the soldiers of the Union who fell in the battle. They also propose the purchase of three acres upon South Mountain, upon which to erect a monument to General Reno.

☞ "Sambo, is your master a good farmer?" "O yes, massa, a fuss rate farmer—he makes two crops in one year." "How is that, Sambo?"—"Why, he sell all his hay in de fall, and make money once; den in de spring he sell de hides ob de cattle dat die for want ob de hay, and dat makes money twice."

☞ The Copperhead Legislature of Delaware has voted down, by 14 to 7, the bill for the relief of volunteers.—Resolutions favoring a vigorous prosecution of the war, of thanks to the army, and sympathy with the wounded and the families of soldiers slain or disabled, shared the same fate.

☞ Two years ago, when compensation to slaveholders for emancipating their slaves was offered by Congress, Wendell Phillips caustically remarked "Gentlemen slaveholders, now is your time to sell." They have found it out.

☞ The American Tract Society have expended since the war began, nearly $100,000 in furnishing and distributing its publication for the army.

### How Tecumseh was Killed.

The *Christian Advocate* of last week contains an obituary notice of Isaac Hamblin, sr., who died at his residence near Bloomfield, Ind., a few months since, aged about 86 years.—Mr. Hamlin was a man of deep piety and unquestionable veracity. He was in the battle of the Thames, and the writer gives the following as a statement in regard to the manner in which Tecumseh was killed:

"He says he was standing but a few feet from Col. Johnson when he fell, and in full view, and saw the whole of that part of the battle. He was well acquainted with Tecumseh, having seen him before the war, and having been a prisoner seventeen days, and received many a cursing from him.—He thinks that Tecumseh thought Johnson was Harrison, as he has often heard the Chief swear he would have Harrison's scalp, and seemed to have a special hatred toward him. Johnson's horse fell under him, and in the fall he lost his sword, his large pistols were empty, and he was entangled with his horse on the ground. Tecumseh had fired his rifle at him; and when he saw him fall he threw down his gun and bounded forward like a tiger, sure of his prey. Johnson had only a side pistol ready for use. He aimed at the chief over the head of his horse, and shot near the centre of his forehead. When the ball struck, it seemed to him that the Indian jumped with his head full fifteen feet into the air. As soon as he struck the ground a little Frenchman ran his bayonet into him, and pinned him fast to the ground.

### Another Call for Troops.

The following is an order by the President of the United States: EXECUTIVE MANSION, WASHINGTON, March 14, 1864.—In order to supply the force required to be drafted for the navy, and to provide an adequate reserve [illegible] led for February 1st, 1864, the call is hereby made and a draft ordered for two hundred thousand men for the military service of the army, navy, and marine corps of the United States. The proportionate quotas for the different wards, towns, townships, precints, election districts, and counties will be made known through the Provost Marshal General's bureau, and account will be taken of the credits and deficiencies on former quotas. The 15th day of April, 1864, is designated as the time up to which the numbers required in each ward of a city, town, &c., may be raised by voluntary enlistment, and drafts will be made in each ward of a city, town, &c., which shall not have filled the quota assigned to it within the time designated for the number required to fill said quotas. The draft will be commenced as soon as practicable.—The government bounties as now paid will be continued until April 15th, 1864, at which time the additional bounties cease. On and after that date one hundred dollars bounty only will be paid, as provided by the act approved July 22d, 1861.

(Signed) ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

Official: E. D. TOWNSEND.

THE NOTORIOUS BILL HARPER KILLED.—Most of our readers have heard of the notorious guerilla and bushwhacker Bill Harper, who has been a terror to the loyal people of Randolph, Tucker, Pendleton, and adjoining counties, ever since the breaking out of the rebellion. Well, Bill Harper is no longer in the land of the living. A few days ago, Captain Sampson Snyder, of the Randolph Home Guards, hearing that Harper was stopping at the house of Leonard Harper, a relative, who resides in Pendleton county, took a squad of his men and went over to capture him. They surrounded the house and demanded a surrender. Harper refused to surrender, when he was fired upon and wounded. He still fought desperately, even after he was down upon the ground, and said to have cut Snyder a severe gash upon the arm. When finally conquered and subdued, it was discovered that some thirteen or fourteen balls had been lodged in his body by Snyder's squad. Harper is said to have murdered more men, stolen more horses, and destroyed more property than any other single individual in the State. He was a man of most desperate and determined character, and always had about him a gang composed of men of similar would.—*Wheeling Intelligencer.*

NATIONAL CURRENCY ACT.—The principal amendments proposed to the national currency act by the comptroller of the currency are as follows:

National Banks are to be required to redeem their circulating notes in the city of New York at a small discount. A uniform rate of interest (seven per cent.) is to be established throughout the United States for national banks.

The lawful money reserve that is to be kept on hand is to be reduced from 25 to 15 per cent., for country banks, and 25 to 20 per cent., for city banks. Provision is also made for the closing of banks whenever the owners of two-thirds of the capital stock shall deem it expedient. Banks cannot be organized with a less capital than $100,000 in the country, and 200,000 in cities.

It will be made imperative that an amount of bonds equal to one third of the capital stock paid up shall be kept on deposit with the Treasurer of the United States, whether banks take circulation for them or not.

THIRTEEN HIGHWAYMEN HUNG.—They seem to have a committee of vigilance out in Idaho Territory. Recent accounts from there state that the miners had hung four highwaymen, who confessed that they belonged to a gang of eighty others, and acknowledge that they had robbed and killed over one hundred men. At this the miners became exasperated, and surrounding Virginia City, captured five others, who made a similar confession, and were hung on the spot. Five others were hung at Bannock.—One hundred of the committee had gone in search of others of the gang. Among those hung at Virginia City were H. Plummer, the sheriff, and Geo. Lane and J Gallagher, two of his deputies.

ANOTHER GROUND FOR AN ATTACK ON GEN. BUTLER.—Gen. Butler has given rebels and copperheads another ground for attack, and denunciations of him will, no doubt, henceforth ring louder than ever. It is announced that he has "commenced the establishment of a common school system at Norfolk and Fortress Monroe, precisely like that of Massachusetts," and that "it will insure the education of hundreds of children." It his virgo sympathizers the name of "Beast Butler," this last act of his is even worse. Who does not know that education makes "Abolitionists?" And then to adopt the Massachusetts system too!—"tis too horrible."

☞ Once settled by free American working men who carry with them, wherever slavery does not prevent, schools and churches, books and newspapers, machinery and intelligent labor, the South must quickly rival the North in wealth, in intelligence, as well as in loyalty. The future of that rich region is written in the history of the free North; with free labor, free speech, and free schools, Maryland will equal Massachusetts, and Virginia New York, Mississippi will blossom as Iowa, Alabama as Illinois, and Tennessee as Ohio; and the marvellous development of the free western States must repeat itself in all the South.

HOW SAM WAS CAUGHT.—An old lady who was making some jam was called upon by a neighbor. "Sam, you rascal," she said, "you'll be eating my jam when I'm away." Sam protested he'd die first; but the whites of his eyes rolled hungrily towards the bubbling crimson. "See here, Sam," said the old lady, taking up a piece of chalk, "I'll chalk your lips, and then on my return I'll know if you've eaten any." So saying, she passed her forefinger over the thick lip of her darkey, holding the chalk in the palm of her hand, and not letting it touch him. When she came back, she did not need to ask any questions, for Sam's lips were chalked a quarter of an inch thick.

REBEL CONGRESSMEN.—In order to continue the rebel Congressional delegation from the State of Missouri, Kentucky and Tennessee, the local polls have been mostly given up, and the votes of soldiers from those localities have been made to answer the purpose. In that way twelve Kentucky members have recently been chosen. They were voted for on a single ticket. The highest vote received by any successful candidate was 998, and the highest received by any unsuccessful candidate was 427. The average entire vote was only about 1000. Among the members elected is Humphrey Marshall, and among those defeated is John C. Breckinridge.

A "FAT TAKE" LOST.—Austin B. Williams, a highly respectable printer, for twelve years past an employee in the New York *Times*, died of apoplexy on the 21st inst. He weighed four hundred and twenty pounds, and it took seventeen yards of broadcloth to make him an out-fit. He was very temperate in his habits, neither drinking nor using tobacco. His humor and wit is said to be of superior order. Barnum often sought him for his popular resort, but his exceeding sensitiveness would never permit him to become an object of popular curiosity.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

[illegible] advertisements.

A square equal for twelve lines of Nonpareil measure as a square.

Special notices 25 per cent. addition to regular rates.

Business cards, 75 cents a line, per year.

Marriages and Deaths, Religious, Political and other Notices of a public nature, free.

A JOVIAL FEDERAL PRISONER.—A jovial federal prisoner is Junius H. Browne, who writes a facetious letter in the Mark Tapley vein to a Cincinnati paper, from his cell in the military prison at Salisbury, North Carolina, under date of February 19th.—He says the stoves the rebels give the prisoners "compensate for the absence of all heat by a perpetual emission of smoke;" that the prisoners live on bread and pork, and often bread alone, with smoke and cold interpersed *ad libitum*, and that they "distinguish breakfast from dinner by inhaling an extra volume of smoke, and taking five additional shivers." He adds: "Most adversely for me, my appetite has increased in an inverse proportion to our provinder. However, I manage matters very well. When I become very hungry, I expose myself to the cold, and *vice versa*; so one discomfort strangles another and I am enabled to continue the beatitudes of my bondage. Who would not be a prisoner?"

REQUESTED TO LEAVE.—A correspondent of the Dubuque *Herald* says that Fitz John Porter arrived in Denver City on the 15th of February, as the agent of August Belmont and other New York capitalists, to examine into the condition of the gold mines of Colorado. The following day Mr. McConner, of the lower house of the Territorial Legislature, offered the following joint resolution: *Resolved*, That Fitz Porter be requested to leave the Territory in thirty days." The writer does not say whether any action was taken on the motion.

A REBEL HOWL.—The Richmond *Examiner* contains the following:—"More raids! The capital insulted, farm houses burning, stacks of corn in flames, plantations plundered. The enemy, dividing his force and riding accoruing to fancy, in sight of the steeples and cannon of Richmond. Is there to be no end to this? For two years parties of Yankee tailors and buggy drivers have galloped over the equestrian soil with an impunity which cannot be remembered without rage. The Government seems incapable of learning any lesson f[illegible]

☞ Ulric Dahlgren was scarcely more than twenty years old. He was wounded in the leg last summer just after the battle of Gettysburg in the daring dash by which he succeeded in capturing the rebel despatches from Jefferson Davis to General Lee. His leg was subsequently taken off. Four weeks ago he was a tall, slight, pale-faced boy, sitting quietly in Washington, and saying, pleasantly: "I am waiting for my new leg, and then I shall see whether I can ride again."

☞ A Massachusetts youngster has got a glass eye that is worth more to him in these days than a good farm. He enlists, passes the surgeon, pockets the bounty, goes into camp, is discharged for defective vision, and tries the same game at the next place. He had received seven bounties at last accounts, and was about to re enlist as a veteran, when he was arrested, and possibly he will next go with his eye out.

☞ A lady teacher in Raymond, Maine, had a refractory pupil, whom she ordered to be held by a bigger boy until she flogged the youngster heartily. An action of assault was raised, but the court declared the schoolmistress has a right to do as she had done.

☞ Mr. Wynfield, an English photographer, is said to excel all his compeers in his art. He does not require immobility in the sitter, but directs him to move slightly, so that "all the lines and boundaries of his form shall be modified and softened. The ugly features of a photograph likness are by these simple modifications entirely removed.

☞ Rebel General Lee lives in a tent without any floor in it, having refused to have one put in as others were having done. He keeps very much to himself, never drinks or swears, and is very popular with the army, who have implicit reliance in in the man.

☞ A man named Oats was hauled up recently for beating his wife and children. On being sentenced to imprisonment, the brute remarked that it was very hard that a man was not allowed to thrash his own oats.

☞ Nickel has become so high that the mint will not be able much longer to turn out one hundred cents for a dollar. Government is considering the expediency of issuing two new coins, to be of bronze—one and two cent pieces.

☞ A gentleman lately arrived at New York with $14,000 in Southern money which he bought of a reb for five dollars!

☞ It takes three months pay of a rebel soldier to buy one dollar in gold.

# BEAVER ARGUS.

Wednesday, Mar. 23, 1864.

D. L. IMBRIE, Editor & Proprietor.


For President in 1864,

## ABRAHAM LINCOLN,

OF ILLINOIS.

For Vice President,

## ANDREW G. CURTIN

OF PENNSYLVANIA.

REMOVAL.—The ARGUS OFFICE has been removed to the room over Dr. Cummins' Drug Store, nearly opposite our old office, where we may be found at all times, ready to attend to the wants of our friends and patrons. Entrance at the North side of the building.

☞Newly elected Justices of the Peace will bear in mind that the law requires them to file written acceptance within thirty days after the election of the office, or no commission will be issued.

GOVERNMENT BOUNTIES.—An impression prevails to a certain extent that the time for the payment of additional Government bounties extend to April 15th. This is an error, as the payment of those bounties will cease on April 1st, after which time only one hundred dollars will be paid.

SUCCESSFUL RAILROAD MAN.—Mr. J. N. McCullough, President of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad Company, by virtue of his recent appointment by the Directors of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company, is now General Superintendent of both of the roads named. Mr. McCullough is an experienced railroad manager, and possesses the requisite executive ability and energy to successfully discharge the arduous duties of his late appointment.

☞THE recent call for 200,000 more men to reenforce the army and navy, is a fresh evidence of the determination of the President to end this rebellion the coming campaign. The troops raised under this call will enable our vast army of veterans to be precipitated on all parts of rebeldom, and with the prestige and skill of Gen. Grant, now our chief commander, and the waning power of the South, we feel that the President will succeed—what is so long and was been very great. This call gives us renewed evidence that it has not been misplaced. Every patriot will respond and assist by every means in his power to raise the men needed.

☞THE many friends of Maj. James Q. Anderson, of this place, doubtless noticed with regret the recent publication of an order dismissing him from the service for crossing the lines of pickets and delivering letters to, and receiving them from persons outside the lines. We are informed that Maj. Anderson's offence consisted in the delivery of a message to John J. Porter, formerly of Rochester, from his relatives, and receipt of the answer. The communication was inoffensive in its character, and made with leave of the Brigade commander, who was also dismissed. Gov. Curtin is moving actively for the restoration of both officers, and we are glad to learn that there is a fair prospect of their reinstatement.

Maj. Anderson is one of our most gallant and efficient cavalry officers, and we sincerely trust that he may not be made to suffer so severe a penalty as dismissal from service for the trivial offence against military discipline, into which his kindness of heart betrayed him. He had been promoted to the Lieut. Colonelcy of his regiment a few days before the receipt of the order for dismissal.

### Union Victory in N. Hampshire.

The spring elections open auspiciously for the National cause. The Old Granite State declares in thunder tones for Liberty and the Union. At the last State election it had a bare six hundred majority; now it reaches 5,958, with ten towns to be heard from. This victory has been achieved by the home vote alone, the brave Union boys of New Hampshire not being privileged to vote. Had it been otherwise, the Union majority would have been swelled to twenty thousand. The Legislature is largely Union in both branches. Hereafter, when we hear of an election anywhere in the North, we may be morally certain of a Union victory.

☞The Newburn *Times* again urges the sending of 50,000 troops to North Carolina. It says: "Newbern is so strongly fortified that it cannot be taken by the rebels; but the time has come when the Federal army should penetrate to the interior, carrying the banner of social and political emancipation."

### Good From Evil.

Some persons have considered the idea of a special Providence as irrational. But observing the course of great events, we cannot but acknowledge that there is visible in many of them, such evidence of a wise and grand design, that we feel convinced there must be an overwhelming power. What though their appears an occasional pause or even going back in the progress towards moral and mental improvement. If there has been periods unfruitful in practical advancement it is no evidence against the great principle. Does not our view derive confirmation from the progress of our great Republic? It is most evident that it is destined as the hope and refuge of all who can escape from nationalities. Monarchists and aristocrats predicted in its first establishment that it must break down from its own inherent weakness, since the liberty which it granted was but another name for license, and there was notwithstanding an army to repress disorder and no superior orders of society. But the Republic went on in a peaceful and prosperous career whilst the Old World dynasties of oppression reeled and tumbled to the ground. It passed through many appearances of danger, each one of which in the estimation of despondents alarmists threatened its total extinction. Wars with the great tribes of savages, Mediternean pirates, France and England all passed away and left the young and rising Republic still unscathed and growing in vigor and prosperity.

What citizen advanced in years, or who that is conversant with history, does not remember that most perilous time when combined Europe overthrew the great Napoleon and left the entire British navy to operate against us. How alarming seemed the prospect, and yet how little we were harmed by British fleets or armies in Plattsburg, a few hours possession of Washington, and a bloody repulse at New Orleans indicate how hopeless must be a European invasion. Britain recognized the truth of this, and was glad to make peace although she had at that time, no other adversary.

We passed through many intermediate dangers avoiding or overcoming each, until at length we reached one more overshadowing and portentious than any that had darkened our history.

The mighty rebellion burst upon us the sky. Even hopeful men were grave and doubtful under this unexpected troubles and scarcely saw a terminating point of light in the dim and clouded future. The foes of liberty were jubilant, and the prophets of evil croaked dreadfully among ourselves. They were confident that no army could be mustered in the loyal States strong and brave enough to conjront and oppose the southern traitors. The very effort seemed chimerical, and the Administration advised to avoid collision with so vast a combination, and peacefully to acquiesce in the separation which seemed inevitable. Even if soldiers could be had, the financial difficulties would be insurmountable, and national bankruptcy necessarily follow. Europe was at once to recognize the insurgents and their sympathizers in the North were to rise in arms against the Government and complete the genral confusion. The withdrawal of southern trade alone even in case of a peaceful separation would carry along with it great misfortunes. The northern laborers would be idle, and clamor for bread or blood.

All these and many other dire calamities were to fall on the Northern States, if they dared to resist the rebels in arms. How, one by one, these predictions have been falsified, let history tell. Contrary to the expectations of many, even among sound and loyal men, the Goverment has raised immense armies and kept them in the field with all the appliances complete.

Though the insurgents too have gone beyond all calculation as to their military strength, yet has the Northern power overborne it, and conquered more than half of rebeldom. The croakers who so clearly foresaw our defeat on the land, were equally confident that the rebel privateers would annihilate our commerce on the seas, and cause our shipping to be rotting at the wharves. Whereas scarcely a rebel cruiser remains of all that ventured out of Southern harbors, each in succession having been captured or destroyed by our vigilant cruisers.—Only two or three English steamers, manned by British seamen, armed and equipped in English ports, but carrying the rebel colors, harrass our commerce at distant points, and probably before long will share the fate of the more regular Southern pirates. Northern traitors made desperate diversions in aid the slaveholders rebellion. The [illegible] Democrats, with Woodward at their head, resolved that Pennsylvania should join in the revolt, at the risk of transferring the war to our soil. The traitors of Baltimore attacked our soldiers on their way to defend the Capital; those of New York, with Seymour as their chief, aroused the mob of that half foreign city to resist the National authorities, and had a three days saturnalia of fire and blood.

The copperhead members of our State Senate, with old Granny Hopkins, endeavored to prevent its organization, to encourage the rebels, but all has been unavailing. As if some mysterious and resistless interposing power were still averting danger, however formidable, the enemies of freedom were once more disappointed.—The people were only made more indignant by the traitorous display, and the administration has been really at every step strengthened in accomplishing its purposes.

The finances have been placed on a footing which gives universal confidence and our country is now safe beyond doubt. Duties on Foreign merchandize sufficient for important aid to the revenue, have given a new impulse to home productions, and destined ere long to raise our manufactures to the highest perfection. Add to these great advantages, that Europe will see in the development of our military and naval strength, motives for keeping the peace with us, we may hope to escape foreign wars, and resume more thoroughly the arts of peace, which are after all the nation's strength. Slavery, too, has displayed itself so hideously as to be rendered odious to vast numbers of our people who heretofore have had only a faint conception of its true character. It is doomed and will speedily die, and we shall be free from the multiplied evils which were attendant upon it.

Other wars besides our own have had their real or imagined compensations for the blood-shedding and desolation which must attend on every war. But among them, none can present such an array of countervailing benefits, immediate, tangible and likely to be enduring.

We may smile when we recall the dismal and gloomy anticipation of the prophets of evil, who predicted unalloyed evil from these our great trials. As all this croaking have thus far been falsified by some overruling and beneficent influence, may we not [illegible] and believe that the foes of liberty howl on; still we will attract their millions to our more favored shores. Let our own factious enemies of the Government oppose its efforts to restore the Union and the supremacy of the laws which protects them; it will survive to shield them from their own madness and folly. Our children and theirs, as well as the exiles from despotic power, are here to find a refuge from oppression, kindly allotted for the world's political redemption.

A PLEASANT AFFAIR.—At the close of the term of the Beaver Union School last Thursday, some of the pupils very agreeably surprised Mr. Veon, the principal of the School, by the presentation of a beautiful volume of poetical quotations, as an expression of their regard. The presentation speech was made by Master Edgar Beacom, and was really very neat, appropriate and admirably spoken.—Mr. Veon replied by a very warm and hearty expression of thanks and the whole affair will be pleasantly remembered by both teacher and pupils —*Star*.

☞Gov. Hahn was inaugurated in Louisiana on the 4th inst. In his inaugural he regards Slavery as the cause of the present unholy attempt to break up the government, and demands its universal and immediate extinction as a public and private blessing. He says:

"From every light before me, I am constrained to believe that the cause of rebellion is in extremes and it seems to me not extravagant to look upon this year as the final one of the most senseless, causeless and most murderous rebellion that ever occurred in a civilized nation."

☞The Minnesota State Union Convention, which met at St. Paul on Monday, passed the following resolutions:

"*Resolved*, That we most heartily endorse the great measures inaugurated by the President and Administration for the suppression of the rebellion, the perpetuity of the Union, and the extirpation of slavery, and we recommend the nomination of Abraham Lincoln as President of the United States for the next presidential term.

*Resolved*, That we protest against the repeal of the Homestead law.

☞Slaves are cheap in Maryland. Three were sold at auction at Frederick, on the 2d inst., one slave girl eight years old, for $1, one woman for $15, and a woman and child, five years old, for $25.

### A Compliment to the 140th Pa.

Ed. Argus—Although we agree with your [illegible] "Of [illegible] are [illegible] afraid [illegible] A [illegible] yet [illegible] written [illegible] tyster[illegible], which appears in the *Herald* of March 12, is so just in every respect, that we request a publication in your paper. Gen. Zook's Brigade consisted of the 52d, 57th and 66th N. Y. Vols., and the 140th Pa. When it is remembered that only the 66th and 140th were actually engaged with the enemy, the others being on reserve, the compliment is doubly prized. The writer after speaking of the dispositions made by Gen. Sickles for the safety of Beandtop, continues:

"Considering our force unequal to the exigency, Sickles called on the heroic troops of the Second corps for support, and they gave it with a will. The struggle now became deadly.—The column of Longstreet charged with reckless fury upon our troops; but they were met with a valor and stern fortitude that defied their utmost efforts. At alarming incident, however, occurred. Barnes' division, of the Fifth corps, suddenly gave way, and Sickles, put a battery in position to check the enemy if he broke through the gap on our front, and General Birney was sent to order Barnes back into line. "No," he said, "impossible. It is too hot. My men cannot stand it." Remonstrance was unavailing, and Sickles despatched his aids to bring up any troops they met to fill this bank. Major Tremaine, of his staff, [illegible] with General Zook, at the head of is brigade (Second corps), and this officer instantly volunteered to take Barnes' place. When they reached the ground Barnes' disordered troops impeded the advance of the brigade. "If you can't get out of the way," cried Zook, "lie down and I will march over you." Barnes ordered his men to lie down, and the chivalric Zook and his splendid brigade, under the personal direction of General Birney, did march over them and right into the teeth. Alas! poor Zook soon fell, mortally wounded, and a half of his brigade perished with him. It was about this time—near seven P. M.—that Sickles was struck by a cannon ball that tore off his right leg, and he was borne from the field."

### Col Dahlgren's Body.

The Richmond *Examiner* of the 8th, in giving an account of the killing of Col. Ulric Dahlgren by a cowardly midnight ambuscade, indulges in many fiendish exultations, of which the following is a sample:

"Stripped robbed of every valuable, the fingers cut off for the sake of the diamond rings, encircled them, in a field, stark naked, with the exception of the stockings. Some many persons had lifted the corpse from the pike and thrown it over into the field, to save it from the hogs.—Yesterday afternoon the body was removed from the car that brought it to the York River Railroad depot and given to the spot of earth selected to receive it. Where that spot is no one but those concerned in its burial know or care to tell. It was a dog's burial, without coffin, winding sheet or service. Friends and relatives at the North need inquire no further; this is all they will know—he is buried with a burial that befitted the mission upon which he came.

### The Tables Turned.

We find the following advertisment in a late number of the Memphis *Bulletin*:

FIFTY CENTS REWARD.—Ran away—the subscriber's master, about the 6th of June, 1862. He had on, when he left, a suit of black clothes, but frequently wears grey clothing. He is about 5 feet 11 inches in height, weighs about 170 pounds, has light hair, blue eyes and light complexion; is quick spoken and of good address. He was usually called Col Ray; his name is J. E. B. Ray; was formerly Secretary of the State under Gov. Harris, and it is supposed he may yet be in his company. When he agreed to become my master, he bound himself to take me for better or wusser, and support me in sickness and in health, but he having absconded without making any arrangements to do so, I offer, and will pay, the above reward for his apprehension, and committal to any jail where I can secure him, or half that sum for any information that will lead to his arrest. He is supposed to have gone South in search of the "last ditch," as he often spoke of it.

ALBERT RAY.

A REBEL FORGERY.—The Richmond papers publish a document which they assert was found on the person of Col. Dahlgren when he was shot down, but which is evidently a forgery. It is in the form of an address to its officers and men, detailing the plan of operations in case of successful entrance into Richmond—the firing and complete destruction of the city, and the killing of Jeff Davis and Cabinet. The Philadelphia *Telegraph* says that a letter has been received from a friend of the late brave Col. Dahlgren, who served with that unfortunate officer during the recent raid about Richmond, who states emphatically that the so called 'order' alleged to have been found upon the body of Dahlgren, was a fabrication and forgery *in toto*. No such order was ever written, issued, printed, or even considered by the noble young Colonel, as far as his friends are apprised. It is believed that this miserable lie was gotten up for effect, to cover the indignities visited upon his remains.

### Harrisburg Correspondence.

HARRISBURG, March 18, 1864.

Mr. EDITOR: Now that the deadlock in the Senate is at an end, through election of Dr. Sinclair in Harry White's district, legislation is going on as usual. The denial by the Democracy of Mr. Penney's right to the Speakership, produced difficulty for a days, which was finally resolved by his resignation and immediate re-election. This proceeding relieved the Senate at once, the countenances of the Democrats visibly brightening, as they began to send in the little local bills which their obstinacy had kept asleep for a couple of months, and concerning which they were doubtless in receipt of many sharp reminders from anxious constituents. Both houses are now at work with commendable industry, and it is thought will finish up the business of the session by the 1st of May.

The removal of the Capitol to Philadelphia, is being seriously discussed, and a Committee has been appointed to report upon its propriety. The City is bidding high for the honor, the councils having entertained a resolution offering a million of dollars for the construction of the public buildings, with immediate temporary accommodations for all the branches of the State Government; which I am assured will pass. The proposition meets with some favor in the Legislature. The town of Harrisburg has made more out of the Government and done less for it since the war began, than any of equal population in the State, and the accommodations it proffers the Legislature and the crowds of persons attracted to the place during its session, are of the poorest.—Philadelphia is but four hours distance on the railroad, and the location would be almost as convenient, even to our western members; while it is not to be forgotten that Harrisburg lies directly upon Lee's Northern warpath, and is liable at any time to the perils and alarms experienced here last summer.

A number of local bills have been passed and have received the signature of the Governor; none, however, in which your readers are particularly interested.

The Waynesburgh Bank is applying for a re charter. It is said to be a powerful political machine, in the hands of Mr. Lazear, your present Democratic M. C., and it is possible the charter may be defeated, leaving Mr. L. and his friends to organize under the National law, which they so much contemn. It is hard to see how they could continue to decry the National credit, while inviting the public to do business with an institution based upon that credit alone. If many of the Country Banks desire a reorganization of this character, and a law will be enacted at this session authorizing it, and indicating the forms to be observed in the procedure.

The principal bills of a general character—the Appropriation, Revenue, Military and Apportionment bills, have not yet been reported, though the first three have been matured in committee. The appropriations will be heavy, owing to the three Millions for making provisions, and the necessity expenses of the State. The military posed to increase the salaries of pro-Legislative and State officials to correspond with the increased price of living. Some of the members oppose this upon the ground that in the present condition of finances, it is our duty to economize to the utmost, and that of officers in the employ of the Government to make sacrifices for it. "Unfortunately," say the gentlemen interested, "our landlords, butchers, tailors, &c., don't seem to see it in that light," and it is probable the proposed additions will be made. The Revenue bill will add largely to the resources of the State, not by an increase of her rate of taxation, but by subjecting to it large interests which have heretofore escaped almost entirely.

I have not seen the Military bill, but am informed that it provides for an enrolment of the entire military strength of the State, and is modelled upon the Massachusetts system. Col. Glass, the Chairman of the Military Committee, is a gentleman of marked ability, who has served with gallantry in the field, and I have no doubt he will produce a law which will meet the expectations of the people and the exigencies of the times. Our system, if we have any, has proven miserably defective, and the State, both in 1862 and 1863, has relied upon volunteers whose organization was only perfected after their arrival at the points of rendezvous, at the expense of much valuable time and labor. But for the United States troops a regiment of rebel cavalry might ride to-day from the Potomac to this place, and after sacking the Capitol retire without molestation, except from bushwhackers.

The Apportionment Bill is not yet in shape, and some ingenuity will be required to frame one which will meet the views of a majority. Your county will probably constitute a separate Legislative District and will unite with Washington in the election of a Senator.

Your member, Mr. Henry, is always at his post, and in brains, experience, and industry, has, I think, no superior on the Republican side of the House. He is one of those men, a few of whom in all legislation bodies, without ostentation, perform the labors of the whole, the masses limiting themselves to declamation and votes upon the work blocked out for them. It would be well for the State if all her districts were so represented. X.

NEW STATES.—The House passed organic acts for three new States on Thursday, in the space of an hour or two, Colorada, Nevada, and Nebraska. The Senate passed bills for two, and will speedily for the third. All three States will be in before the Presidential election.

### A Rebel's Reason for Deserting.

The Chattanooga *Gazette* says a rebel deserter lately gave the following reasons for forsaking Jeff. Davis' Confederacy: "I have been in the rebel army for nearly three years, and when I first entered the army the Confederacy was composed of *fifteen States*, (or at least I was induced to believe so.) Well, at the end of the first year's war we would claim but *thirteen States*; at the end of the second year's war, but *nine*; and now we can't claim a single whole State, and we can only claim *parts of six States*—Alabama, Florida, Georgia, South Carolina, Virginia! Thus we have lost more than *two thirds* of the original Southern Confederacy. This is not the sum total of our loss either; *for we have lost equally as heavily in men, money, and credit* as we have in territory.

"Our troubles are increased every day; for we have lost all the country depended on to supply our army with rations. When we yielded the Mississippi river all the fine Texas beef cattle were cut off. This is an insupportable loss to the Confederacy.—Tennessee and Southern Kentucky were our dependence for much of our corn, wheat, and bacon, to say nothing of horses for cavalry. This was a great loss. East Tennessee furnished us nitre and coal; it too is gone! And our armies are now forced back into the poorest parts of the South, where it is impossible to supply it with either food or raiment for any length of time. This shows that the chance for Southern independence is quite slim, and I saw it was folly to be fighting always without any hope of gaining the day, or even benefiting ourselves. This war would stop right away if it was not for the big men of the South. They know they they'll be hung if caught, and they will keep up the war just as long as they can."

### A Slaveholder on Slavery.

At a Union meeting held at Gallatin, Tenn., in the last week of Feb. a speech was delivered by Mr. John Bowen, of Smith county, Tenn., whose only son was recently killed in the rebel army. This man has always been a slaveholder, yet he spoke of slavery in these terms:—"He thought that it might be that they could do much better in Tennessee without slavery than with it. Its benefits, if ever it had any, had been confined to a few. It had only served to build up an aristocratic minority. He had spent his life in the State, and he regarded the vast majority as having lived almost as completely subjugated and enslaved as the negro. Disfranchised by the law of society from the higher offices; left without the means of proper education and forbidden the right of free speech, except upon such subjects as the dominant class might prescribe, non-slaveholders had been deceived and used by that aristocratic few. The destruction and removal of slavery emancipated that vast majority, and opened to their labor, industry and enterprise, a territory rich in all the elements of prosperity and greatness."

TWO WAYS.—During the late carnival paid towards Richmond, as we learn from Richmond papers, a rebel officer was killed accidentally when that son surrender. They record also the wounded Union "savages" had and cared for, held taken to a house on the way, and offered in his dying message to his mother. So many of the "savages," now for the chivalry, according to their own record. After the battle of Olustee, a gentleman, accompanied by his body servant, went over the field, looking at the dead and wounded negroes. The servant saw on an apparently dead body a pair of boots, which he wanted. Trying to pull them on, the owner roused up, and protested, saying that he was not dead. The body servant got a stick and knocked out his brains, saying, "ef yer ain't dead I'll deaden ye," stole his boots, and gets praised in the Richmond papers.

### News from Atlanta.

Chattanooga dispatches state that it is currently reported in Atlanta, that Morgan was to command all Longstreet's cavalry when he should reach East Tennessee. Railroads about Atlanta, and generally throughout Georgia, are in good condition as to rails, but rolling stock is bad. All the necessaries of life are becoming very scarce and high in Atlanta. The number of beef cattle is small, and butchers say the stock will soon be exhausted. A strong undercurrent of Union sentiment is said to exist in the city. The rebels there are in a terrible fix for want of coal. Private foundries and furnaces are stopped entirely, and most of those belonging to the Government are running on half time. The gas works are closed, and the city is in darkness. Only two regiments are in Atlanta, comprising about 400 men.

DEATH OF THADDEUS MORRICE.—Thaddeus Morrice, well and favorably known to members of the House of Representatives for the last eighteen years, died in Washington last week of pneumonia. For fifteen years he was attached to the office of the Speaker, and was always near that officer when the House was in session, his presence being desirable in view of the fact of his intimate acquaintance with parliamentary law, and his knowledge and judgment often aiding in the decision of important questions.

HARD CURRENCY IN "DIXIE."—In view of the scarity of small bills, and the high price of nails, Smith suggests that tenpenny nails be used for dimes. This would relieve the business community, and give us a currency of solid basis. By this suggestion Smith protests that he does not desire to revive old political issues.

### Horrible Cruelty to a Slave.

During the sessions of the Mayor's Court on Saturday morning, a young German, giving his name as Charles F. Reese, called Officer Kelly out of the court-room, and showing him a small black negro girl told him he wanted her taken into custody for stealing his pocket-book. Seeing from her drooping look that she was suffering from some cause, Kelly asked her what was the matter. She told him that she was almost dead; that Reese had beaten her almost to death. On examination he found that she had been literally cut to pieces with a cowhide from the heels to the top of her head. There was not a square inch of her body which was not bruised and gashed in the most horrible manner, the blood was trickling even from her head.

Kelly asked Reese why he had beaten the negro in that manner? Reese said she had stolen his pocket-book, and he was determined to whip her until she had confessed what she had done with it; that, after whipping her to this extent, she had said she gave it to a free negro declared he had never seen her before, and that he wanted Kelly to whip her again.

Kelly brought both parties to the Mayor, who, having heard the circumstances, committed Reese to jail for future examination, and ordered a physician to be sent for to see the girl. Kelly took the girl to the watch house, and called in a physician, who ordered her to be stimulated and kept comfortable. Up to last evening, though repeatedly dosed with whisky, she had laid in an almost insensible condition, and had eaten nothing.

The girl is about ten or eleven years of age, and says she belongs to Mrs. Davis.—*Richmond Whig*.

NEW YORK, March 20.—The *Times* special dispatch from the Army of the Potomac says: The excitement about a threatened raid by Stuart has subsided. A detachment of the rebel army crossed the Rappahannock at Fredericksburg on Wednesday night, and on the following day Col. Bryan of the 18th Pennsylvania cavalry, captured twenty of a party. On Friday morning a detachment of the enemy crossed at Norton's Ford, and drove in 7th Mich. pickets, but were subsequently repulsed and forced to recross the river.

The 2d Corps was [illegible] their pieces all Saturday [illegible] which may perhaps account for the firing heard in the direction of Orange.

There are other indications of rebels demonstrations, which are not proper to be published. Stuart is massing his cavalry at Charlottesville, where he has three brigades, and at Fredericksburg, where he has two brigades. The reported attempt of the enemy to cross at Raccoon Ford was not correct.

The First Michigan cavalry, 1,200 strong, went to the front on Saturday.

Twelve deserters from the Tenth Louisiana rebel regiment arrived in our lines within three days. They are the first deserters that have come in from that regiment; two got [illegible] of the President's proclamation was distributed by Kilpatrick's men.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., March 1.—Partial election returns from [illegible] ties give more votes than the number required by the President's proclamation to replace Arkansas in the Union. Other counties not heard from to-day, three or four, will give fully five thousand votes. The new State convention, [illegible] pies, has been called, and the late convention [illegible] been all unanimously there being [illegible] and thirty-seven dissenting votes. The Arkansas is thus declared to be in the Union by the voluntary action of her own citizens. Gov. Murphy and the whole State ticket elected. The guerilla bands, by violent threats not withstanding, the citizens were firm in their determination to vote the State back into the Union, many going to the polls at the imminent risk of their lives. The military authorities used every effort to protect voters.

☞The Constitutional Convention of Old Virginia, now in session at Alexandria, has passed the following amendments to the Constitution of the State, with but one dissenting voice:

1st. Slavery and involuntary servitude, except for crime, is hereby forever abolished and prohibited in the State forever.

2d. Courts of competent jurisdiction may apprentice minors of African descent on like conditions prescribed by law for apprenticing white children.

3d. The General Assembly shall make no new laws establishing slavery or recognizing property in human beings.

The action of the Convention was responded to by firing one hundred guns and the ringing of bells throughout the city.

☞In commenting editorially upon the McClellan meeting at Cooper Institute, the N. Y. *Commercial Advertiser* says:

It was observable last evening that the meeting received the mention of the name of Jeff. Davis with respectful silence, while they had only hisses for the name of the constitutional elected President of the Republic. Something of the "same principles of selection" has been heretofore discovered in governing less orderly but equally patriotic in their demonstrations of political preference.

☞An officer of one of the Georgian regiments, just released from Libby prison, says that he is fully satisfied that the buildings in which the prisoners are confined are mined. He also states that their arrangement is so placed as to command all the approaches where prisoners are confined.

# U.S. INTERNAL REVENUE

ANNUAL TAXES FOR 1864.

The attention of taxpayers is hereby called to the provisions of the United States Excise Law relative to the assessment of annual taxes.

By the sixth section of the act of July 1, 1862, it is made the duty of all persons, partnerships, firms, associations, or corporations, made liable to any annual duty, license, or tax, on or *before the first Monday of May in each year*, to make a list or return to the Assistant Assessor of the District where located of the amount of annual income, the articles or objects charged with a special tax, and the business or occupation liable to pay any license

Every person who shall fail to make such return by the day specified will be liable to be assessed by the Assessor according to the best information which he can obtain; and in such case the Assessor is required to add fifty per centum to the amount of the items of such list.

Every person who shall deliver to an Assessor any false or fraudulent list or statement, with intent to evade the valuation or enumeration required by law, is subject to a fine of five hundred dollars; and in such case the list will be made out by the Assessor or Assistant Assessor, and from the valuation and enumeration so made there can be no appeal.

Payment of the annual taxes, except those for licenses, will not be demanded until the thirtieth day of June.

The appropriate blanks on which to make return, and all necessary information, will be furnished by Geo. W. Hamilton-Eli Reno, and Wm. R. Trimble, Assistant Assessors for this County, to whom the returns should be delivered, on or before the first Monday of May, at their offices, in Beaver, New Brighton and Hookstown respectively.

SAM'L. DAVENPORT,
*U. S. Ass't. 24th Dist.*

Beaver, Feb. 27th. 1864.

☞ Dr. TOBIAS' VENETIAN LINIMENT has given universal satisfaction during the fourteen years it has been introduced into the United States. After being tried by millions, it has been proclaimed the pain destroyer of the world. Pain cannot be where this liniment is applied. If used as directed it cannot and never has failed in a single instance. For colds, coughs and influenza, it can't be beat. One 25 cent bottle will cure all the above besides being useful in every family for sudden accidents, such as burns, cuts, scalds, insect stings, &c It is perfectly innocent to take internally, and can be given to the oldest person or youngest child. Price 25 and 50 cents a bottle. Office, 56 Cortland Street, New-York. Sold by all Druggists.

TRAITORS.—Silas Wright, who was one of the best and purest Democrats of his time, once said: "If among us there be any who are prepared, for any earthly object, to disregard our Confederacy, and destroy *that Constitution* which binds us together, *let the fate of an Arnold be theirs*, and let their detestation and of every American be constant companion, until like him, they shall abandon a country whose rich blessings they are no longer worthy to enjoy."

THE GOLD BILL.—The New York papers generally concur in the opinion as expressed by the *Evening Post*: that Mr Chase will henceforth stand ready with his gold bags to demolish the speculators. He will be a terror to them, for he may upset all their calculations at any moment. The dread of his interference will probably of itself tend to diminish the speculation in gold."

PROVOST MARSHAL'S OFFICE, 24TH DIST, PA, New Brighton Feb. 8, 64.

*Editor Argus:* Dear Sir: The enlistment fee of $15 for new recruits, and $2 for veterans, will be paid to any non commissioned officer, private or citizen who presents an acceptable recruit at this office.

JOHN CUTHBERTSON,
Captain and Provost Marshal.

☞ Dr. Thos. Donehoo, late of Wellsville, Ohio, having located in Beaver, will receive calls at his office in the Southern extremity of the National Hotel, in this place.

MARRIED—Monday, March 14th, by Rev. W. G. Taylor, at the house of Mr. Henry Edwards, Beaver, Mr. JAMES FOGG (Commissary Serg't 57th Reg. N. Y. V.) to Miss LOUISA IRONS, of Beaver, Pa.

On the 17th inst., by Rev. G. T. Dickmore, Mr. JAMES GREGG to Miss KATE WEAVER, all of Beaver County.

# Beaver Markets.

CORRECTED WEEKLY FOR THE "ARGUS."

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Flour per bbl. | | | $7 00 |
| do per 100 lbs | | | 3 75 |
| Dried Apples per bushel | | | 1 50 |
| do Peaches | " | " | 3 50 |
| Wheat | " | " | 1 40 |
| Corn, | " | " | 1 20 |
| Rye | " | " | 1 00 |
| Oats | " | " | 75 |
| Barley | " | " | |
| Clover Seed, | " | " | 8 00 |
| Timothy Seed, | " | " | 3 00 |
| Flax Seed, | " | " | 8 00 |
| Beans, | " | " | 2 75 |
| Potatoes, | " | " | 70 |
| Onions, | " | " | 1 00 |
| Corn Meal, | " | " | 1 25 |
| Eggs, | " | dozen | 20 |
| Butter, | " | lb | 30 |
| Hams, | " | " | 16 |
| Shoulders, | " | " | 12 |
| Sides, | " | " | 14 |
| Tallow, | " | " | 10 |
| Lard, | " | " | 16 |
| Candles, | " | " | 16 |
| Soap, | " | " | 10 |
| Molasses, | " | Gallon | 75 |
| Carbon Oil, | " | " | 75 |

DR. WOOD'S RESTORATIVE CORDIAL and Blood Renovator, the genuine article, for sale at the Drug Store of
DR. C. P. CUMMINS
mar23

# Time Table.

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH, R. R.

**Beaver Station—GOING EAST.**

*Commencing, Monday, Nov 16, 1863.—Trains leave Beaver Station as follows:*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 8:30 A. M. | Arrives at Pittsburgh, | | 10:00 A. M. |
| 2:20 P. M. | " | " | 3:50 P. M. |
| 6:54 P. M. | " | " | 8:50 P. M. |

GOING WEST—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| *Trains leave Pittsburgh as follows:* | | |
| 6:15 A. M. | Arrives at Beaver, | 7:45 A. M. |
| 3:00 P. M. | " " | 4:25 P. M. |
| 1:45 P. M. | Rochester | 3:00 P. M. |
| 1:45 A. M. | " | 8:10 A. M. |

J. N. McCULLOUGH, *Pres't.*
F. R. MYERS, *Gen'l Ticket Agent.*

PITTSBURG, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R.

**Rochester Station—GOING EAST.**

| | Leaves Rochester | Arr. at Pitts. |
|---|---|---|
| 1st Brigh'n Accom. | 5:40 A. M. | 7:20 A. M. |
| 2d Brigh'n " | 7:10 A. M. | 8:40 A. M. |
| 3d Brigh'n " | 12:30 P. M. | 2:35 P. M. |
| 4th Brighton " | 3:00 P. M. | 4:50 P. M. |
| Mail, | 5:15 P. M. | 7:00 P. M. |
| 1st Express, | 1:05 A. M. | 2:20 A. M. |
| 2d Express, | 2:05 P. M. | 3:30 P. M. |
| Cincin'i Exp. | 6:45 P. M. | 7:50 P. M. |

GOING WEST—

| | Leaves Pitts. | Arr. at Rochester. |
|---|---|---|
| Crestline Accom. | 2:15 P. M. | 4:00 P. M. |
| 1st Brigh'n Accom. | 9:15 A. M. | 11:00 A. M. |
| 2d Brigh'n " | 12:00 A. M. | 1:32 P. M. |
| 3d " " | 4:30 P. M. | 6:10 P. M. |
| 4th " " | 5:40 P. M. | 7:20 P. M. |
| Mail, | 7:00 A. M. | 8:20 A. M. |
| 1st Express, | 1:45 A. M. | 3:00 A. M. |
| 2d Express, | 1:44 P. M. | 3:00 P. M. |

AUG. BRADLEY, Supt., E. D.

## ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Beavrr County, the undersigned will expose to sale by public vendue or outcry, on the premises, on

*Saturday, April 16th*, 1864,

at 1 o'clock, p. m. of said day, all the following described real estate, belonging to Alex. P. Taggert, minor son of James Taggert decd., to wit: All the interest of said Alex. P. Taggert in a certain farm or tract of land situate in Independence tp., in said county, bounded as follows, viz: Beginning at a post and running thence by the other half of the original tract (of which this is a part), south 1 deg. west 262½ perches to a post, thence by land of Lockhart south 89 deg. 135½ perches to a post, thence by land formerly of Schulze, north 1 degree, east 262½ perches to a post, and thence by land formerly of John Leeper, north 89 deg. west 135½ perches to the place of beginning, containing about 222 acres, more or less, about 75 acres cleared and under cultivation, balance timbered. The premises well watered. There are on the premises one small log dwelling house, log stable, &c. Also a young orchard. The above premises will be sold subject to the dower of Mary M Taggert, widow of James Taggert, dec'd.

TERMS.—One-third of the purchase money on the confirmation of the sale by the Court, balance in two equal annual payments from that date, with interest from same time.

By order of the Court.
MARY M. TAGGERT,
Guardian of Alex. P. Taggert.
mar23,'64 Hookstown, Pa.

I will also offer for sale my interest in the above described premises at the same time and place above mentioned. JNO. TAGGERT.

## ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of the County of Beaver, the undersigned will expose to sale by public vendue or out-cry, on the premises, on

*Wednesday, April 20th*, 1864,

at 1 o'clock, p. m. the following described property, being part of the estate of Wm. Anderson, late of the Borough of Beaver, dec'd., now belonging to his minor children, to wit: all that certain parcel or lot of ground being the northern portion of lot No. — in the plan of lots of the Borough of Beaver, bounded north by Fifth or Boundary street, west by Market street, and south by the other part of said lot No —. On which is erected a good two-story frame dwelling house, with frame kitchen attached. Also, a frame stable, and other out-buildings — some fruit trees on the premises—water convenient.

TERMS—One-third of the purchase money on confirmation of sale by the Court, balance in two equal annual payments, from that date, with interest from same time.

By order of the Court,
HUGH ANDERSON,
Guardian of the minor children of Wm. Anderson, dec'd.
mar.23'64.

# A. Bestwick.

BROADWAY & APPLE STREETS,

*New Brighton, Pa.,*

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

*Tin, Copper, and Sheet Iron Ware,*

And the most approved patterns of

*Piltsburg Cooking, Parlor and Heating Stoves.* [mar23'64

# NOTICE.

A STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING OF THE Phillipsburg & Rochester Steam Ferry Company will be held at the House of H. Bimber, Esq., in Phillipsburg, April 2d, 1864; for the purpose of considering the business of said company. By order of the President.
G. PENDLETON, Sec'y.
Rochester, mar21,'64.

## Election.

THE Stockholders of the Company for erecting a bridge over Big Beaver Creek, at or near Wolf Lane, in the county of Beaver, are hereby notified that an election for one President, six Managers, and a Treasurer, will be held in the Toll House of said Company, on the last Monday (25th) of April, commencing at 10 o'clock, a. m.
mar21'64 JAMES ALLISON, Treas.

# Dr. P. B. Young,

WHO has been for some time acting as Surgeon in the Army, having returned and again located himself in

**Freedom, Beaver County,**

offers his professional services to the public. ☞ Office in Phillips' building. [mh16'63

# Notice.

WHEREAS my wife, Anna Maria Hammerly, has left my bed and board, without any just cause, I, by these presents, warn the public not to to trust her on my account, as I will not pay any debts of her contracting.
JACOB HAMMERLY.
Economy tp., mar9.64.

## Notice.

BANK OF BEAVER COUNTY,
New Brighton, Oct. 12, 1863.

The Stockholders of the Bank of Beaver County are hereby notified, that the Annual Meeting, will be held at the Banking House, in New Brighton, on Tuesday the 3d day of November ensuing, between the hours of 8 and 5 o'clock, P. M. And the election for Directors to serve the ensuing year, at the same place, on Monday, the 16th, day of November, between 10 A. M., and 3 P. M., of said day. By order of the Board of Directors.
EDWARD HOOPS Cashier.

## IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.

### DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS

THE combination of ingredients in these Pills are the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all irregularities, painful menstruations, removing all obstructions, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, fatigue, hysterics, pain in the back and limbs, etc., disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.

### Dr Cheeseman's Pills

was the commencement of a new era in the treatment of those irregularities and obstructions which have consigned so many to a PREMATURE GRAVE. No female can enjoy good health unless she is regular, and whenever an obstruction takes place the general health begins to decline.

### Dr. Cheeseman's Pills

are the most effectual remedy known for all complaints peculiar to Females. To all classes they are invaluable, *inducing, with certainty, periodical regularity.* They are known to thousands, who have used them at different periods, throughout the country, having the sanction of some of the most eminent Physicians in America.

*Explicit directions, stating when they should not be used*, with each Box—the Price One Dollar per Box, containing from 50 to 60 Pills.

Pills *sent by mail, promptly*, by remitting to the Proprietor. Dr. Smith of Bridgewater sole agent for this County.

R. B. HUTCHINGS, Proprietor.
jan14'63:1y 20 Cedar St., New York.

# "Union Hotel,"

BEAVER, PENN'A.

ALEX. CLARK, PROPRIETOR

IN addition to the conveniences of a first class Hotel, the Proprietor has fitted up in his house, in a complete and satisfactory manner, an

OYSTER SALOON,

where the best quality of Oysters may be obtained during their season, in any desired style. Families can be furnished with Oysters, by the can or dozen. The table is furnished with all the luxuries the PITTSBURG MARKET can afford.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed a continuance of the same is respectfully solicited. dec17

# WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

# WILSON, M'ELROY & CO.,

54 Wood St.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

OFFER THEIR STOCK FOR THE

SPRING OF 1863,

AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICE.
mar. 25,'63

## The Howe Sewing Machine.—

(INVESTED IN 1845.)

IN 1862, at the WORLD'S FAIR, awarded a PREMIUM GOLD MEDAL as the best Sewing Machine for all purposes on exhibition: besides, Four Gold Medals for *superior sewing*, and that to as many exhibitors

CLASSIFICATION.—1. Family Machine. 2. Family and Tailoring. 3. Tailoring and Gaiter-Fitting. 4. Boot and Shoe (heavy). 5. Carriage Trimming and Harness Making.

Its stitch is unrivaled. The Family Machine guarantied to make perfect work equally well on the Lightest and Heaviest Fabrics. For sale by

A. WYNN, Agent, Beaver, Pa.
Oct. 7, 1863.

## LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post Office at Beaver, Pa., Mar. 1, 1864.

| | |
|---|---|
| Beighy Maggie | Emmel Maria |
| Buchanan George B | Haber Peter |
| Boon Daniel | Heckathorn C |
| Howan Robert | Hare Thos O |
| Connel James | Johnston Annie |
| Crossen Richard | Miller Ed |
| Clark David M | Merriman M J |
| Cristler M T | Penny E J |
| Chilcot Elijah | Ranald M |
| Carr Mrs Susan J | Scofield T A |
| Dilworth Jennie | Swagger Annie |
| Davis Joseph | Taylor Mary J |
| Ewing Mrs Jane | |

☞ Persons calling for letters in the above list, will please say they are advertised.
M. J. ANDERSON, P. M.

## LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post Office at Rochester, Pa., Mar. 1st, 1864:

| | |
|---|---|
| Brewer S H | M'Connell Melinda, 2 |
| Bruce Bryson | Messer Mrs S |
| Brown Margaret | Paterson G |
| Boehrie Charles | Phelps Mrs S B |
| Davidson Wm | Shafer Joana |
| Harson Priscilla | White Mrs M L |
| Lord William | Wetzel Lois |
| Lyon Mr E | |

T. M. TAYLOR, P. M.

## NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received up to Friday, the 18th inst., by the Board of Directors of South Beaver township, for building a brick school-house in said township, No. 4 (Court's). Length of house, 36 by 28 feet, height of story 12 feet, stone foundation two feet above the ground. Plans and specifications can be seen by calling on the subscriber. By order of the Board.
mar10'64 REUBEN WATT, Sec'y.

## ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of CLARINDA WARREN, late of South Beaver tp, Beaver co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claim gainst said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.
J. STEWART ELDER,
Adm'r *de bonis non*,
fe27 South Beaver tp.

## GLORIOUS NEWS!

*Not from the Army but from the Town of Beaver.*

### New Shoe Store.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Beaver County that, in addition to his well selected stock of CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS and GENTLEMENS FURNISHING GOODS, he has lately purchased a well selected stock of BOOTS and SHOES of every kind and variety. My stock is the largest ever brought to the county, and I am determined to sell "cheaper than the cheapest"—Mind the sign of the "Big Hat."
Sept. 9. '63. I. N. ATKINS.

## Beaver Seminary.

THE SUMMER TERM, of 14 weeks, will open on Monday the 28th of March.

For particulars address
S. B. MERCER, Superintendent,
mar9,'64 Beaver, Pa.

## Valuable Real Estate for Sale.

THE undersigned will offer at public sale on THURSDAY, MARCH 17th, their mill property, situate on Raccoon Creek, in Hanover tp., Washington co., one mile north of the Pittsburg and Steubenville turnpike and four miles from the railroad, containing 11 acres of good land, on which are erected a Grist Mill, with 2 run of burrs and chopperz, with all necessary machinery, driven by both steam and water power; also, a Saw-Mill.—There are also a comfortable Dwelling House, a Frame Stable and a young Orchard of good bearing fruit trees. The above property will be sold low and on reasonable terms.

Also, at the same time and place, a valuable tract of land, containing 61 acres, 60 of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation, 15 of it is good bottom land. It is all well watered and contains an abundance of coal and limestone. The improvements are a comfortable tenant house and log barn with shed attached. Also, a number of young bearing fruit trees. Inquire of M. HARBISON, Auctioneer, Green Tree P. O., Allegheny county, Pa., or to the subscribers on the premises. S. & J. HOOD,
Bevington, Washington co., Pa.
mar9'63.

## A Valuable Farm For Sale!

THE subscriber will sell a tract of land, situate in North Sewickly township, Beaver county, Pa., containing about 114 acres, on the State Road from Beaver to New Castle, near the Conuequenessing Bridge. The land is of a superior character, called locust land—very productive, and being first and second creek bottom, can nearly all be made into meadow. It is well watered by good springs of excellent water. There are about 80 acres cleared, the balance in timber. Coal is abundant near the Farm. There is on the premises, a good two-story Frame House, in which a Store and Post Office are now kept, with a good Stable and out-buildings. There is a Grist and Sawmill, within half a mile.—A Presbyterian and Baptist Churches, and a male and female Seminary, and Common Schools, within less than a mile. The neighborhood is good. Persons desirous of having a good Farm with superior advantages around it, have now an opportunity of purchasing.
WM. B. CLARKE,
Att'y at Law,
Beaver, Pa,

## Farm for Sale.

THE subscriber offers at private sale his Farm, situated in Chippewa township, 3½ miles from New Brighton, containing 216 acres, 140 of which is cleared and under a good state of cultivation. The improvements consist of one Log house with four rooms, to which is attached a frame kitchen; one superior bank barn, and other out-buildings. Also a good house, stable and orchard for tenant. This place is well water with abundance of good coal. Also, a large orchard of the best grafted apple trees, one hundred budded and other peach trees, twenty-five grafted pear trees, and a large collection of May-dukes, English and black cherries, plumbs, &c.

This farm will divide, and will be sold to suit purchasers. Title good, and conditions easy. DAVID THOMAS,
fe17:tf Chippewa tp., Beaver co., Pa.

## For Sale or Rent.

A STORE ROOM, 25 by 60 feet cellar underneath, dwelling attached, containing five rooms, Ware Room 25 by 30 feet, two stories high, good stabling, &c. Two lots of ground enclosed with the buildings, containing a number of bearing peach trees, grape vines, raspberries, gooseberries, currants, &c.; located on Second street, in the borough of Darlington, Beaver county, Pa. A. T. Railroad runs within 80 feet of the Ware House, and connects with the P. Ft. W. & C. Railroad at New Galilee.
mar9 S. J. HARTSHORN

## Notice in the Orphan's Court.

THE following named accounts have been filed in the office of the Clerk of the Orphan's Court for Beaver county, to-wit:

The account of Wm. K. Boden, Trustee appointed to make sale of real estate of Robert Robertson, dec'd.

Also the account of same as Trustee appointed to make sale of real estate of Abraham Wolf, dec'd.

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested in said accounts, that the same will be presented to the Orphan's Court to be held at Beaver, on Wednesday the 9th day of March, 1864, for confirmation and allowance.
feb3 JOHN A. FRAZIER, Cl'k.

## A VALUABLE RIVER FARM FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers at private sale his Farm, situate in Industry township, four miles below Beaver, Beaver county, containing

TWO HUNDRED ACRES,

90 acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation. The improvements consist of a Frame Dwelling House, 20 by 40 feet, two stories in height; a frame barn, 35 by 55 feet; frame horse and cow stable; a good Orchard of grafted fruit trees. (The C. & P. R. R. passes through this farm.) About 140 acres of this land is underlaid with a four feet vein of coal, open in two places, and in working order. The above farm is a very valuable one, and will be sold at a bargain.

Also, a lot, containing TWELVE ACRES, one mile from Beaver—improved; suitable for a Gardener or Nurseryman. Title good, and terms easy. ROBERT M'CREERY.
Beaver, Jan6,'64.

## For Sale at the Beaver Drug Store

MARTIN'S COAL OIL BURNERS—THE 'LITTLE MONITOR'—to burn oil without chimneys, a splendid affair. Also Carbon Oil Lanterns without chimneys.

For sale at Drug Store of C. P. Cummins—Gun Powder, Young Hyson and Black Teas, all good; Coffee, Ext. Coffee, Dandelion Coffee, Gold pens, Spectacles, Golden Syrup for table use, a prime thing; a cheaper article of Syrup, very good; vinegar, hominy, hand scrubing brushes and salt.

Zant currants and Raisons for sale at C P Cummins' Drug Store.

## BRIDGE LETTING.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received by the County Commissioners, at their office in Beaver, on Monday, the 4th day of Apr.! next, between the hours of 10 o'clock, a. m., and 2 p. m., for the building of a Stone Arch Bridge over Potato Garden Creek, where the road between Frankfort in this county, and Clinton in Allegheny county, crosses said stream, about a half mile east of Murdocksville. A plan of the work will be exhibited.
By order: RICH'D H AGNEW, Cl'k.

## A Card.

HAVING sold our entire stock of Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes and Clothing, at New Brighton, to JAMES H. STOKES, we take great pleasure in recommending him to the citizens of this vicinity, as an exceedingly clever, agreeable and accommodating salesmen, and solicit for him the custom of our former patrons, and all others in want of good goods at low prices. M'CLELLAND & CO.
New Brighton, Feb. 1, '64.

## For Rent.

THE subscriber offers for rent, from the 1st of April, his house, situated in Brighton township, about 1-4 from Beaver. Said house is built of brick, and contains 8 rooms, to which is attached about 1-2 acre of ground, with fruit trees thereon. Apply to
WM. G. WOLF,
mar2'64 Brighton tp.

## Do You Want Employment.

I OFFER a pleasant business for the Spring and Summer, with large profits. Send for my new circular, containing full information.
Address GEO. EDW'D SEARS,
mar16'64 William St., N. Y.

# The Diamond.

OF

# ROCHESTER, PA.

# FORTUNE'S NEW STORE,

FIRST ARRIVAL OF

SPRING DRY GOODS

**Prints—Best Chintz Styles,**

From 18 3-4 to 25 cents per yard.

**Ginghams, Checks, Ticks, Table Diapers, Jeans, Cassimeres,**

**Brown and Bleached Muslins,**

And a full line of

ENGLISH, FRENCH & GERMAN

DRESS GOODS,

SPRING DE LAINES,

A very choice selection of styles and quality, at prices within the reach of all.

BARRED FLANNELS AND WOOLEN GOODS,

At ruinous prices, at

FORTUNE'S CHEAP STORE,

(Neat the Post Office.)

ROCHESTER, PA.

## Beaver Seminary.

S. B. MERCER, Superintendent.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

Rev. D. H. A. M'LEAN, D. D.
" D. A. CUNNINGHAM.
" C. P. CUMMINS, M. D.

THE FALL TERM of fourteen weeks opens on TUESDAY, the first day of September. Rates per term for board and furnished Room, ..... $40 00

☞ For full particulars address
S. B. MERCER, Beaver, Pa.
aug12:3t

## BEAVER SEMINARY AND INSTITUTE

Rev. R. T. Taylor, A. M., Prin.
Mrs. A. S. Taylor, Governess.

THE NEXT TERM WILL COMMENCE

*Tuesday, March 24th*, 1863,

And continue 14 weeks. The aim of the school is to make its pupils thorough, especially in the Common Branches.

### A Normal Class,

for the benefit of those wishing to fit themselves for teaching, will be formed at the commencement of the term.

Board, Room rent, &c. ..... $38 00
Tuition varies from $3,50 to $8,00

☞ For further particulars inquire of the President of Faculty.
mar4'63 R. T. TAYLOR.

## SECOND Army Corps.

THE undersigned has been authorized to recruit men for the

**140th Regiment Pa. Volunteers,**

or for any Penna. regiment or battery.

*Government Bounty*—

To Veterans ..... $400
" Others ..... $300

Large local Bounties are also being paid.

☞ For full particulars inquire at the office, New Brighton, Penna., opposite the Post Office.
WM. S. SHALLENBERGER,
Lieut. & Adj't. 140th Pa. Vols.,
feb10'64 Recruiting Officer.

PITT. FT. W. & CHICAGO RAILWAY CO,
OFFICE OF THE SEC'RY,
Pittsburgh, Pa., Feb. 12, 1864.

THE Annual Meeting of the Stock and Bondholder of this Company for the election of Directors, and for such other business as may come before it, will be held at the Office of said Company, in the city of Pittsburg, on the *Third Monday of March*, A. D. 1864, at 10 a. m. The Stock and Bond Transfer Books of the Company, at their Office in the city of Pittsburg, and at their Transfer Agency in the city of New York, will be closed on the 1st day of March, at 3 o'clock, P. m., and remain closed until the 17th day of March thereafter. (fe17) W. H. BARNES, Sec.

## EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary on the estate of BENJ. M'GAFFICK, late of Ohio twp., Beaver county, Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

WM. B. M'GAFFICK,
JESSE M'GAFFICK,
AND'W M'GAFFICK, } Executors.
Brighton tp., Chippewa tp.,
feb10,64

# Beaver Hotel,

JOSEPH HALL, Proprietor,

Beaver, Pa.

HAVING thoroughly fitted up this house, he is now prepared to accommodate his friends, and the public generally, in the most satisfactory manner. [may62

## Special Notice.

THE Proprietors of the Girard House Philadelphia would respectfully call the attention of business men and the travelling community to the superior accommodation and comfort ered in their establishment.

KANAGA, FOWLER, & Co.
aug.19:2m

# Dr. P. M. KERR

*Offers his Professional Services to the People of*

BEAVER AND VICINITY

and solicits a share of public patronage.

OFFICE IN

Kerr's Hotel, Beaver, Penn'a.

dec16,'63

# RAIL-ROAD HOUSE,

ADAM JOHNSON, PROP'R

ROCHESTER, PA.

## BUT NO DIE'S TRUE TREAD!

ALWAYS READY.

## HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

LONG marches, sore and stiff joints, blistered and inflamed feet, all these the soldier must endure, MOTHERS, REMEMBER THIS, when your sons are grasping their muskets to meet danger, think what relief a pot of this ALL HEALING & COOLING Salves will give to the one you love when far away from home and friends. It hardens and makes tough the feet so that they can endure great fatigue. It soothes and relieves the inflamed and stiffened joints, leaving them supple, strong and vigorous; while for

SABRE CUTS AND GUNSHOT WOUNDS

at stands unequalled, removing and preventing every vestige of inflammation and gently drawing the edges together, it quickly and completely heals the most frightly wounds.

WIVES AND SISTERS OF OUR VOLUNTEERS,

Yo cannot put into the Knapsack r Husbands and Brothers, a more valuable nor more necessary gift than a supply of this

EXTRAORDINARY MILITARY SALVE.

The lonely sentry walking his rounds at night, exposed to drenching rains and chill night air, is often seized the most VIOLENT PAINS, COUGHS and SUFFOCATING HOARSNESS, first symptoms of QUICK CONSUMPTION, but if supplied with HOLLOWAY'S PILLS and HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT, all danger is averted, a few Pills taken night and morning, and the ointment briskly rubbed twice a day over the throat and chest will remove the SEVEREST PAINS and stop the most distressing or DANGEROUS COUGH Thefore we say to the whole army,

SOLDIERS ATTENTION!!

See to your own health, do not trust to the Army supplies although most valuable. These PILLS and OINTMENT have been thoroughly tested, they are the only remedies used in the European Camps and Barracks, for over forty years Doctor Holloway has supplied all the armies in Europe, and during the CRIMEAN CAMPAIGN he established a depot at Balaclava, for the exclusive sale of these GREAT REMEDIES, many a time his special Agent there has sold over a ton in weight of the Ointment in a single day. These terrible and fatal enemies of the Soldier in Camp, DIARRHEA, DYSENTERY, SCURVY, SORES and SCROFULOUS ERUPTIONS, all disappear like a charm before these PILLS AND OINTMENT, and now while the Cry rings throughout the land,

TO ARMS! TO ARMS!!

Do not let these brave men perish by disease, place in their hands these PRECIOUS REMEDIES, that will enable them to resist the dangerous exposures, the Fevers, the Chills, and the wounds which they cannot avoid, and what is more, cannot frequently get succor in the moment of need, whereas if our brave men have only to put their hands into their Knapsacks and find there a sure remedy for all the casualties of the battle field. How many thousands of lives would thus be saved who would otherwise perish before relief could be obtained.

## TO PHYSICIANS & DRUGGISTS.

THE undersigned would inform Physicians and Druggists that, owing to an increasing demand, he is now prepared to manufacture on a larger scale than heretofore all articles of the Pharmacopœia. These will be of the strength and quality as dispensed in the Prescription Department of my store, and will be found superior in strength to most in market. I guarantee them to be of the proper strength and purity.

Some preparations offered are new, but will be made official in the new Pharmacopœia soon to be issued, and will be found to be valuable remedies.

Any information as regards their strength, uses and qualities will be sent to those desiring it.

I would advise Physicians who have been disappointed in the effect of any remedy, to try those of my manufacture.

They include—

Compound Extract of Colocynth,

Fluid Extracts of Dandelion, Buchu, Ergot, Gentian, Lipulin Valerian, Wild Cherry Bark, and others,

Citrate of Iron and Citrate of Iron and Quinine; very soluble,

Wine of Iron and Wine of Iron and Bark agreeable; chalybeates,

Syrups of the Hypophosphites,

Cerate of the Extract of Cantharides: a more reliable preparation than the common Cerate,

Oxalate of Cerium; useful in obstinate vomiting,

Elixir of Valerianate of Ammonia; a valuable remedy for nervous or sick headache, where a nervous stimulant and antacid is indicated,

Solution of Bi-meconate of Morphia; same strength as Laudanum and more agreeable in its effects.

Pyro-phosphate of Iron: soluble.

These, together with all rare and fine chemicals and other medicinal articles, furnished in any quantities.

I am prepared to make chemical examinations of Ores, Drugs, Oils, Waters, &c.

GEO. W. WEYMAN,
Cor. 3d & Smithfield sts., Pittsburgh, Pa.

# DR. GEO. CLEIS

OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of BEAVER AND SURROUNDING VILLAGES.

His Office is in Phillipsburg for the present, where he can be consulted at any time, Wednesdays excepted, which days he can be seen at his office in Pittsburg, where he has practiced for more than twenty years.

Dr. Cleis calls the attention of the afflicted to the following diseases:—Scrofula, Diseased or Weak Eyes, Rheumatic Affections, Female Complaints, Chronic Diseases of long standing—all of which he treats with remarkable success. dec23:4t

## ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary on the estate of JOHN M. LUKENS, late of the boro. of Rochester Beaver co. dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

MARY LUKINS, Adm'rx.
feb3'64. Rochester, Pa.
T. M. TAYLOR, P. M.

## A NEW AND BEAUTIFUL EDITION OF THE MISTAKES OF EDUCATED MEN.

BY JOHN S. HART, LL. D.

12MO., muslin, price 50 cents; paper covers, 25 cents. Copies of this book will be sent by mail on receipt of the price, in postage stamps. Pleas address

J. C. GARRIGUES, Publisher,
148 South Fourth street, Phil'a. Pa.
mar26.

C. P. CUMMINS, M. D.....J. M. CUMMINS, M. D

# C. P. Cummins & Son,

OFFER their professional services as Physicians and Surgeons, to the citizens of Beaver and vicinity. They can always be found, when not professionly engaged, at the Drug Store of C. P. Cummins, M. D.
Dec3'62

## PITTSBURG WATER CURE.

NO Curative Agency is superior to HYDROPATHY for the treatment of all form of Diseases, and no Institution in this country possesses greater facilities for its administration than this.

☞ For Pamphlet Circular address,
Dr. W. N. HAMILETON,
Pittsburg, Pa.

## Office of JAY COOKE,

SUBSCRIPTION AGENT,
At JAY COOKE & CO., Bankers,
114 SOUTH THIRD STREET,
Philadelphia, Nov. 1, 1862.

THE undersigned, having been appointed SUBSCRIPTION AGENT by the Secretary of the Treasury, is now prepared to furnish, at once, the

*New Twenty Year 6 per ct. Bonds.*

of the United States, designated as "Five-Twenties," redeemable at the pleasure of the Government, after five years, and authorized by Act of Congress, approved February 25, 1862.

The COUPON BONDS are issued in sums of $50, $100 $500, $1000.

The REGISTER BONDS in sums of $50 $100, $500, $1000 and $5000.

Interest at Six per cent. per annum will commence from date of purchase, and is

PAYABLE IN GOLD,

Semi-Annually, which is equal, at the present premium on gold, to about EIGHT PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

Farmers, Merchants, Mechanics Capitalists, and all who have any money to invest, should know and remember that these Bonds are, in effect, a FIRST MORTGAGE upon all Railroads, Canals, Bank Stocks and Securities, and the immense products of all the Manufactures, &c., &c., in the country: and the full and ample provision made for the payment of the interest and foundation of principal, by Customs Duties, Excise Stamps and Internal Revenue, serves to make these Bonds the

*Best, Most Available and Most Popular Investment in the Market*

Subscriptions received at PAR in Legal Tender Notes, or notes and checks of banks at par in Philadelphia. Subscribers by mail will receive prompt attention, and every facility and explanation will be afforded on application at this office.

A full supply of Bonds will be kept on hand for immediate delivery.

JAY COOKE, Subscription Agent.

## CRITTENDEN'S PHILADELPHIA COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,

N. E. corner of 7th & Chestnut St.,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

THIS Institution, which was established in 1844, and is now consequently in its eighteenth year of its existence, numbers among its graduates, hundreds of the most successful Merchants and Business Men of our Country.

The object of the Institution is solely to afford young men facilities for thorough preparation for business.

The branches taught are, Book-keeping, as applicable to the various departments of trade; Penmanship, both plain and ornamental; Commercial Law, mathematics, Navigation, Civil Engineering, Drawing, Phonography, and Modern Languages.

The system of Instruction is peculiar; not classes or set lessons are made use of, but each student is taught individually, so that he may commence at the time and attend as whatever hour is most convenient.

Certificates are issued singularly after the holders will, containing names of the students for the year, and full particulars of terms, &c., and may be obtained at any time by addressing the Principal.

In extensive recommendations, wide-spread reputation, and the lengthy experience of the Principal, this Institution offers facilities superior to any other in the country, for young men wishing to prepare for business, and to obtain at the same time a diploma, which will prove a recommendation for it true to any Mercantile House.

☞ CRITTENDEN'S Series of Treatises on Book-keeping, are more widely circulated than any other work on the subject, are for sale at the College.

S. HOLMES CRITTENDEN,
*Attorney-at-Law.*
May 1. Proprietor.

## NEW BRIGHTON RETREAT,

AN ASYLUM FOR THE RECEPTION, CURE AND TREATMENT OF MENTAL ALIENATION OR DISORDER,

And Other

Nervous and Chronic Diseases,

EXCLUSIVELY FOR FEMALES.

THIS Institution is now open for the reception, care, and treatment of the *higher class* of patients who are laboring under mental derangement, or other nervous and chronic disease. We make special mention of nervous and chronic diseases, from the fact that seven tenths of the female patients that are committed to our public Asylums to be treated for disordered minds, are reduced to that lamentable condition through previous physical disorder. Put in well timed and judicious treatment of chronic and nervous diseases, all physical disorder, in the majority of cases may be removed, and thus the mind, having suffered through the medium of the body will when free from the exciting physical cause, throw off the shackles that has bound it to worse than midnight darkness and reason will, once more, resume its sway, clothed in all its primitive beauty and wonted excellence. Hence the necessity of all those, who are laboring under the predisposing or exciting causes, calculated in the end to impair the mind to resort to an early and judicious course of remedial agents.

The Institution is a large three story building with a stone basement—four stories high and well ventilated. It

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We, the undersigned Mayors, hereby certify that the Druggists, Apothecaries, and Physicians of our several cities have signed a document of assurance to us that AYER'S SARSAPARILLA has been found to be a remedy of great excellence, and worthy the confidence of the community.

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Mayor of HAVANA.

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Certify that the resident Druggists have assured them.

## Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Is an excellent remedy, and worthy the confidence of the community.

For Spring Diseases.
For Purifying the Blood.
For Scrofula or King's Evil.
For Tumors, Ulcers, and Sores.
For Eruptions and Pimples.
For Blotches, Blains, and Boils.
For St. Anthony's Fire, Rose, or Erysipelas.
For Tetter or Salt Rheum.
For Scald Head and Ringworm.
For Cancer and Cancerous Sores.
For Sore Eyes, Sore Ears, and Humors.
For Female Diseases.
For Suppression and Irregularity.
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For Liver Complaints.
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The Mayors of the chief cities of the United States, Canadas, and British Provinces, Chili, Peru, Brazil, Mexico, and in fact almost all the cities on this continent, have signed this document, to assure their people what remedies they may use with safety and confidence. But our space will only admit a portion of them.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,
Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,
Ayer's Pills, and
Ayer's Ague Cure,

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
LOWELL, MASS.,
and sold by Druggists every where.

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MANUFACTURERS OF
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EDINBORO, ERIE CO., PA.

THE buildings are new, neat and convenient; good Libraries, Reading Room and Apparatus; Instruction thorough and practical.

Tuition per term of fourteen weeks, $4,00; Board $2,25 per week; $36,50 pays the whole term's expense, including the use of text books.

The Fall term opens, August 18, 1863.

☞ Send for Circular.

J. A. COOPER, A. M., Principal.

aug5:3m

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mar26:1y.

## HOOKSTOWN SELECT SCHOOL,

Opens Monday, Sept. 28th.

Mathematics, Sciences and Languages,

Taught on the most favorable terms.

*Address* D. W. SCOTT, *Principal*

## NOTICE.

**Joseph Dunlap vs. Sarah Dunlap.**

IN the Court of Common Pleas of Beaver county, No. 4, Sept. Term, 1863. Libel in Divorce.

To the respondent, in above case:—You are hereby notified to be and appear before the Hon. Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of Beaver county, at a Court to be held in Beaver, in said county, on the 1st Monday (7th day) of March, 1864, to answer the complaint of Joseph Dunlap in the above case.

JOSEPH LEDLIE, Sh'ff.

Beaver, Jan. 6, '64.

## NOTICE IN PARTITION.

BEAVER COUNTY, ss:—In the Orphans' Court of said County, in the matter of the partition of the real estate of Jesse Smith, deceased. To John B. Smith, Isaac Jamison and Susan his wife, heirs and legal representatives of said deceased, and all others interested: Take notice that an Inquisition, to make partition and valuation of said real estate, will be held upon the premises on the 18th day of December, 1863, at which time and place you may attend if you think proper

dec2 JOS. LEDLIE, Sh'ff.

## Valuable REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

THE House and Lot belonging to the heirs of Col. JOSEPH H. WILSON, deceased, situate on the North side of the Diamond, in the boro' of Beaver. Also out-lot No. 16, adjoining the east end of said borough, containing Eight Acres, is now offered for sale. For particulars enquire of

JOHN H. WILSON, Franklin tp. or
A. R. MOORE, Beaver.

dec23,63

## T. M. McCord, Notary Public.

OFFICE WITH
B. B. CHAMBERLIN, ATTY AT LAW,
*(Near the Provost Marshal's office,*
*BROADWAY, NEW BRIGHTON,*
BEAVER COUNTY, PA.

PROMT attention given to the drawing of EXEMPTION PAPERS, and all matters connected with the draft; also oaths administered, acknowledgments taken, &c., &c. [dec16

## ADMINSTRATOR'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby givenen that letters of administration upon the estate of Dr. GEORGE W. ALLISON, late of the borough of Beaver, Beaver county, Penna., dec'd, have been granted to the undersigned. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to made immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

THOMAS ALLISON, Administrafor,
dec1.23'63-5t. Bridgewater, Pa.

## ADMINISRATOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters of administration on the estate of JAS. REED, sr., late of Hanover tp., Beaver co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

JAMES REED, jr., Adm'r,,
jan6'64, Hanover tp.

## Dr. D. M'Kinney,

OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of

BEAVER AND VICINITY.

OFFICE IN
*The Shannon Building, S. E. Corner of*
dec16] *the Diamond, Beaver, Pa.*

## Estate of Col. R. P. Roberts.

LETTERS Testamentary on the estate of Col. RICHARD P. ROBERTS, late of the borough of Beaver, deceased, having been issued to the undersigned, all persons indebted are required to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them, properly authenticated for settlement.

WM. HENRY, Executor & Trustee.
Fallston, Dec. 21, '63.—*

PEN-KNIVES, Scissors, Gum Hair Pins, Purses, Port Monnies, Needles, Tweezers, Pencil-sharpeners, Spool Cotton, Thread, Pins, &c., for sale at the Drug Store of

jan22. DR. C. P. CUMMINS.

A Gentleman cured of Nervous Debility, Incompetency, Premature Decay and Youthful Error, actuated by a desire to benefit others, will be happy to furnish to all who need it (free of charge) the receipt and directions for making the simple Remedy used in his case. Those wishing to profit by his experience and possess a Valuable Remedy—will receive the same, by return mail, (carefully sealed,) by addressing JOHN B. OGDEN,

No 60 Nassau Street, New York.

aug12:3m

## MILLINERY AND DRESS-MAKING.

MRS. Z MOORE announces to the public that she has removed a few rods from her late residence, where she intends continuing the MILLINERY & DRESS-MAKING business, in all its various branches. She has lately received a well selected stock of MILLINERY GOODS, to which she invites the attention of her customers. A continuance of the patronage heretofore liberally bestowed, is respectfully solicited.

Beaver, Sept. 20, '63.—4w.

## ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

WHEREAS letters of administration on the estate of HENRY COWAN, Sr., late of Greene township, Beaver county, a., deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement without delay.

HENRY COWAN, Jr.,
feb3'64. Adm'r.

## REGISTER'S NOTICE.

ALL persons interested in the following Administration and Guardian accounts, which have been passed and filed in the Registers Office, of Beaver county, Pa., will take notice that the same will be presented to the Orphans' Court, to be held at Beaver, on Wednesday, the 9th day of March, 1864, for confirmation and allowance.

The first and final account of Michael Conkle, Sr., Administrator of the estate of John Conkle, dec'd.

Final account of James Nelson, administrator of the estate of Thomas Moore, deceased.

The final account of Joseph C. Wilson, administrator of the estate of Patrick Keating, dec'd.

The final account (real and personal) of Joseph C. Wilson, administrator, de-bonis-non, with will annexed of John Niblo, dec'd.

The final account (personal) of Andrew Watterson, executor of the last will of William Scott, dec'd.

The final account of John Eidemiller, administrator of the estate of J. C. Ienle, dec'd.

The final account of Jacob Householder, executor of the last will of Philip H. Pflug, dec'd.

The final account of Eli Ramsey, acting executor of the last will of Robert Ramsey, dec'd.

The final account of John Garrard, administrator of the estate of John Eaton, dec'd.

The final account of James Todd, Jr., administrator of the estate of James Todd, Sr., dec'd

The first and final account of Daniel M. Donehoo, administrator of the estate of John Glenn, dec'd.

The first and final accounts (Real and Personal) of William K. Boden, administrator of Samuel S. Hamilton, dec'd.

The final account of William K. Boden, administrator of Francis Marrel, dec'd.

The first and final accounts (Real and Personal) of Richey Eakin, executor of the last will of David Eakin, sr., dec'd.

The Guardian accounts of Joseph Brittain, Guardian of Josiah H. & Ann Elizabeth Brittain, minor heirs of John Brittain, dec'd.

The Guardian accounts of R. M. Rhodes, Guardian of William, Elijah, Sarah Jane & Ann Eliza Powell, minor children of Eleazer Powell, dec'd.

The Guardian account of Daniel Risinger, Guardian of Wm. Morton, jr., minor son of Wm. Morton, sr., dec'd.

The Guardian account of Benj. M'Farlin, Guardian of Mary Emma Powell, minor daughter of Eleazer Powell, dec'd.

The Guardian account of Jos. C Wilson Guardian of Maria J. Scott, minor heir of James Scott, dec'd.

The Guardian accounts of Joseph Mehaffey, Guardian of Elizabeth J. & Mary Agness Glenn, minor heirs of John Glenn, dec'd.

The Guardian account of P. Mulvanon, Guardian of Edwin H. Douds, minor son of James H. Douds, dec'd.

The Guardian account of John Thomas, Guardian of Thomas B. Daniels, minor son of Daniel Daniels.

The Guardian account of Jackman T. Stockdale, Guardian of Susan E. Calhoun, minor heir of Thos. D. Calhoun, dec'd.

The Guardian accounts of John Weaver, Guardian of Sebastian, Stephen and Ellen Small, minor children of Martin Small, dec'd.

The Account of Regina Miller, Administratrix of John Miller, dec'd, who was Guardian of John, Martin, Catharine and Adam Freshcorn, minor children of Adam Freshcorn, deceased.

The Account (real estate) of Wm. Whan, administrator of the estate of Clement Z. Souders, dec'd.

ALFRED R. MOORE,
Feb. 3, 1864. Register

## Notice in the Orphans' Court

The following appraisements under the Act of Assembly, of the 14th of April, 1851, of property allowed to be retained by a widow or children of a decedent, to the value of $300, have been filed in the Office of the Clerk of the Orphans' Court, of Beaver county, and approved *nisi*.

Personal property to the amount of $300, elected to be retained by the widow of Jeremiah Hanibal, late of Economy township, deceased, Charles Brown, Adm'r.

Real and personal property to the amount of $198, by widow of Samuel Miller, late of New Galilee, deceased, William Whan, Esq., Adm'r.

Personal property to the amount of $300, by widow of John Ewing, late of the Borough of Frankfort, deceased, Thomas Nicholson, Esq., Adm'r.

Personal property to the amount of $300, by widow of Christian Lefler, late of Brighton township, deceased, Peter Angel, Adm'r.

Personal property to the amount of $300 by widow of George Dawson, late of the Borough of Glasgow, deceased, Benoni R. Dawson, William Dawson, Ex'rs.

Personal property to the amount of $300, 20, by widow of Milton McMinn, late of Darlington township, deceased, I. A. W. Edgar, Esq., Adm'r., Mary Jane McMinn, dm'x.

Real Estate, lot No 7, situate in the Borough of New Brighton, claimed to be retained in part or otherwise to the amount of $300, by widow of Francis Webb, late of New Brighton, deceased, Mary J. Webb, Ex'rx.

Personal property to the amount of $300, by widow of Dr. George W. Allison, late of the Borough of Beaver, deceased, Thomas Allison, Adm'r.

Personal property to the amount of $300, by widow of James Reed, Sr., late of Hanover township, deceased, James Reed, Jr., Adm'r.

Personal property to the amount of $300 to the widow of Terran T. Shaffer, deceased, late of the borough of New Brighton.

BENJAMIN BEDISON, Adm'r.
SARAH E. SHAFFER, Adm'x.
JOHN A. FRAZIER,
Beaver, Feb. 3d, 1864. Clerk.

## Confessions & Experience of an Invalid.

PUBLISHED for the benefit and as a warning and a caution to young men who suffer from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay &c., supplying at the same time the means of Self-Cure. By one who has cured himself after being put to great expense through medical imposition and quackery. By enclosing a post-paid addressed envelopes, single copies may be had of the author, NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq., Bedford, Kings Co., N. Y.

mar26:1y.

## Notice

IS hereby given that I have been appointed as Surgeon by the Pension Department, to examine wounded and invalid Soldiers, discharged from the service, that my authority extends to any County, State or Territory, and that I am now ready to enter upon the discharge of my duties.

GEORGE McCOOK, M. D.,
Oct.15—4t. Examining Surgeon.

## Dissolution

THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name of CAMPBELL & LEHMER, in the Foundry Business, in Bridgewater, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

The business of the firm will be settled by T. CAMPBELL, who will be found at the Foundry.

Sept. 16, 1863. THOS. CAMPBELL,
JNO. S. LEHMER.

## $50 Reward.

I WILL give the above reward for the arrest and conviction of any person found trespassing or doing malicious mischief on my property, adjoining the farm of Abram Wolf and lot of John Fisher, near the boro. of Beaver. DAVID STONER.

jan. 28.'64.

## Do You Want Employment.

I OFFER a pleasant business for the Spring and Summer, with large profits. Send for my new circular, containing full information. Address GEO. EDW'D SEARS,

mar26'64 [illegible]

## PHOENIX LOOKING-GLASS & PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTORY,

NOS. 221, EAST TWENTY-THIRD STREET, 173 & 175 GRAND STREET AND 215 CENTRE STREET.

ESTABLISHED 1838. N. Y. ESTABLISHED 1838.

THIS Establishment has been in successful operation for 24 years, and is the largest of the kind in the United States. We have on hand or manufacture to order every description of Looking-glass, Picture and Portrait Frames, Plain and Ornamental Pier, Wall, Oval & Mantel Glasses, Connecting Cornices, Base and Bracket Tables, with Marble Slabs, Toilet Glasses, &c., &c., &c. Mouldings for Picture Frames, in lengths suitable for transportation either Gilt, Berling, Rosewood, Oak, Zebra, Birdseye, Mahogany, &c. Our new manufactory and extensive facilities enable us to furnish any article in our line as good as the best, and as cheap as the cheapest.

**Dealers are invited to call upon us**

When they visit New York. We claim to be able to supply to supply them with every article in our line which they can possibly purchase elsewhere.

☞ Orders by mail attended to with promptness. Do not fail to call when you visit New York.

*Office & Warerooms, No. 215 Centre St., N. Y.*
HORACE V. SIGLER, *Agent.*

May7—3mos

## MARRIAGE.

ITS loves and hates, sorrows and angers, hopes and fears, regrets and joys; MANHOOD, how lost, how restored; the nature treatment and radical cure of spermaterrhœa or seminal weakness; involuntary emissions, sexual debility and impediments to marriage generally; nervousness, consumption, fits, mental and physical incapacity, resulting from SELF-ABUSE—are fully explained in the MARRIAGE GUIDE, by WM. YOUNG, M. D. This most extraordinary book should be in the hands of every young person contemplating marriage, and every man or woman who desires to limit the number of their offspring to their circumstances. Every pain, disease and ache incidental to youth, maturity and old age, is fully explained; every particle of knowledge that should be known is here given. It is full of engravings. In fact, it discloses secrets that every one should know; still it is a book that must be locked up, and not lie about the house. It will be sent to any one on the receipt of twenty-five cents in specie or postage stamps.

Address DR. WM. YOUNG, 416 Spruce st., above Fourth, Philadelphia.

☞ *Afflicted and Unfortunate*, no matter what may be your disease, before you place yourself under the care of any of the notorious QUACKS—native or foreign—who advertise in this or any other paper, get a copy of Dr. Young's book, and read it carefully. It will be the means of saving you many a dollar, your health, and possibly your life.

DR. YOUNG can be consulted on any of the diseases described in his publication, at his office, 416 Spruce Street, above Fourth, Philadelphia. Office hours from 9 to 3, daily. [mar26

## THE GREAT CAUSE OF Human Misery.

*Just Published in a Sealed Envelope; Price 6 cts:*

A LECTURE BY DR. CULVERWELL, ON THE CAUSE AND CURE of Spermatorrhœa, Consumption, Mental and Physical Debility, Nervousness, Epilepsy; Impaired Nutrition of the Body; Lassitude; Weakness of the Limbs and the Back; Indisposition, and Incapacity for study and Labor; Dullness of Apprehension; Loss of Memory; Aversion to Society; Love of Solitude; Timidity; Self-Distrust; Dizziness; Headache, Affections of the Eyes; Pimples on the Face; Involuntary Emissions, and Sexual Incapacity; the Consequences of youthful Indiscretion, &c., &c.,

☞ This admirable Lecture clearly proves that the above enumerated, often self-afflicted evils, may be removed without medicine and without Dangerous surgical operations, and should be read by every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, to any address, in a plain sealed envelope, on the receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, by addressing,

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York Post Office Box, 4586.

## KOLLOCK'S Dandelion Coffee

THIS preparation, made from the best JAVA Coffee, is recommended by physicians as a superior NUTRITIOUS BEVERAGE for General Debility, Dyspepsia and all billious disorders. Thousands who have been compelled to abandon the use of coffee, will use this without injurious effects. One can contains the strength of two pounds of ordinary coffee. Price 25 cents.

*KOLLOCK'S LEVAIN.*

The purest and best BAKING POWDER known, for making light, sweet and nutritious Bread and Cakes. Price 15 cents.

Manufactured by
M. H. KOLLOCK, Chemist,
Corner of Broad and Chestnut streets,
PHILADELPHIA,

And sold by all Druggists and Grocers.

mar26

## A THOUSAND YEARS,

**Work's Great War Song, Words and Music, in January Number.**

*A SCHOOL MAGAZINE FREE!*—CLARK'S SCHOOL VISITOR.—Volume VIII.

The Publisher of this favorite Monthly, in order to reach all schools, will send the VISITOR one year *gratis* to one person (who shall act as Agent), at any post-office in the United States. This is an unparalleled offer.

Address, with five cents enclosed, for particulars,

J. W. DAUGHADAY,
Publisher,
1308 Chestnut St., Phila., Pa

## FALLSTON WOOLEN FACTORY.

THE undersigned expects to commence, this week Carding, Spinning, Fulling, Finishing and Dyeing; also to manufacture Flannel, Cloth, Cassimeres, Satinetts and Blankets, at my old place in Fallston. For wear and durability, I can warrant the goods manufactured not to be surpassed. For the accommodation of those on the east side of the Beaver, Wool, etc., can be left at my house in Pulaski township, or John Hodgkinson's store in New Brighton.

je17,63 EPH'M. SMITH.

## EXECUTORS NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters, testamentary having been granted to the undersigned, on the estate of JOSIAH TODD, dec'd., late of Industry twp, Beaver co, Pa, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make payment immediately and those having claims against the same will present them to the subscriber duly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN SLENTZ, Executor,
mar 2, '64 Ohio tp.

## Notice.

BANK OF BEAVER COUNTY,
New Brighton, Oct. 12, 1863.

The Stockholders of the Bank of Beaver County are hereby notified, that the Annual Meeting, will be held at the Banking House, in New Brighton, on Tuesday the 3d day of November ensuing, between the hours of 8 and 5 o'clock, P. M. And the election for Directors to serve the ensuing year, at the same place, on Monday, the 16th, day of November, between 10 A. M., and 3 P. M., of said day. By order of the Board of Directors.

[illegible]

## FRIENDS AND RELATIVES OF THE BRAVE SOLDIERS AND SAILORS.

## HOLLOWAY'S PILLS And Ointment.

ALL WHO have Friends and Relatives in the Army or Navy, should take especial care that they be amply supplied with these Pills and Ointment; and where the brave Soldiers and Sailors have neglected to provide themselves with them, no better present can be sent them by their friends. They have been proved to be the Soldier's never-failing friend in the hour of need.

COUGHS AND COLDS AFFECTING TROOPS

Will be speedily removed and effectually cured by using these admirable medicines, and by paying proper attention to the Directions which are attached to each Pot or Box.

SICK HEADACHES AND WANT OF APPETITE INCIDENTAL TO SOLDIERS.

These feelings which so sadden us, usually arise from trouble or annoyances, obstructed perspiration, or eating and drinking whatever is unwholesome, thus disturbing the healthful action of the liver and stomach. These organs must be relieved, if you desire to be well. The Pills, taking according to the printed instructions, will quickly a produce a healthy action in both liver and stomach, and as a natural consequence a clear head and good appetite.

WEAKNESS OR DEBILITY INDUCED BY OVER FATIGUE,

Will soon disappear by the use of these invaluable Pills, and the Soldier will quickly acquire additional strength. Never let the bowels be either confined or unduly acted upon. It may seem strange that Holloway's Pills should be recommended for Dysentery and Flux, many persons supposing that they would increase the relaxation. This is a great mistake, for these Pills will correct the liver and stomach and thus remove all the acrid humors from the system. This medicine will give tone and vigor to the whole organic system however deranged, while health and strength follow as a matter of course. Nothing will stop the relaxation of the Bowels so sure as this famous medicine.

VOLUNTEERS ATTENTION! INDISCRETIONS OF YOUTH.

Sores and Ulcers, Blotchings and Swellings, can with certainty be radically cured if the Pills are taken night and morning, and the ointment be freely used as stated in the printed instructions. If treated in any other manner they dry up in one part to break out in another. Whereas this Ointment will remove the humors from the system and leave the Patient a vigorous and healthy man. It will require a little perseverance in bad cases to insure a lasting cure.

FOR WOUNDS EITHER OCCASIONED BY THE BAYONET, OR SABRE OR THE BULLET, SORES OR BRUISES.

To which every Soldier and Sailor are liable there are no medicines so safe, sure and convenient as Holloway's Pills and ointment. The poor wounded and almost dying sufferer might have his wounds dressed immediately, if he would only provide himself with this, matchless Ointment, which should be thrust into the wound and smeared all around it, then covered with a piece of linen from his knapsack, and compressed with a handkerchief. Taking night and morning 6 or 8 Pills, to cool the system and prevent inflamation.

Every Soldier's knapsack and Seaman's chest should be provided with these valuable Remedies.

**CAUTION.**—None are genuine unless the words "*Holloway, New York and London,*" are discernable as a water-mark in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by *holding the leaf to the light.* A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

☞ Sold at the Manufactory of Professor HOLLOWAY, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines, throughout the civilized world, in boxes at 25 cents, 62 cents and $1 each.

☞ There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.

May 7.

## 600,000 MALE OR FEMALE AGENTS

TO SELL

*Lloyd's New Steel Plate County Colored Map of the United States, Canadas, and New Brunswick.*

From recent surveys, completed Aug. 10, 1863, cost $20,000 to engrave it, and one year's time.

Superior to any $10 map ever made by Colton or Mitchell, and sells at the low price of Fifty Cents; 370,000 names are engraved on this map.

It is not only a County map, but it is also a COUNTY & RAILROAD MAP of the U. S. & Canadas combined in one, giving Every Railroad Station and distances between.

Guarantee any woman or man $3 to $5 per day, and will take back all maps that cannot be sold and refund the money.

Send for $1 worth to try.

Printed instructions how to canvass well, furnished all our agents.

Wanted—Wholesale Agents for our maps in every State, California, Canada, England, France and Cuba. A fortune may be made with a few hundred dollars capital. *No competition.* J. F. LLOYD, 164 Broadway, N. Y.

The War Department uses our map of Virginia, Maryland, and Pennsylvania, cost $100,000, on which is marked Anticetam Creek, Sharpsburg, Maryland Hights, Williamsport Ferry, Bhorersville, Noland's Ford, and all others on the Potomac, and every other place in the above named States, or money refunded.

LLOYD'S TOPOGRAPHICAL MAP OF KENTUCKY, OHIO, INDIANA, and ILL., at the only authority for Gen. Rosecrans and the War Department. Money refunded to any one finding an error in it.

From the Tribune, Aug. 2.

"LLOYD'S MAP OF VIRGINIA, MARYLAND AND PENNSYLVANIA.—The map is very large; its cost is but 25 cents, and *it is the best which can be purchased.*"

*Lloyd's Great Map of the Mississippi River.*—From Actual Surveys by Capts. Bart and Wm Down. Mississippi River Pilots, of St. Louis, Mo., shows every man's plantation and owner's name from St. Louis to the Gulf of Mexico—1,350 miles—every sand-bar, island, town, landing, and all places 20 miles back from the river—colored in counties and States. Price, $1 in sheets. $2, pocket form, and $2,50 on linen, with rollers. Ready Sept. 20.

*Navy Department, Washington, Sept. 16, 1862.*

J. T. Lloyd—Sir: Send me your Map of the Mississippi River, with price per hundred copies. Rear-Admiral Charles H. Davis, commanding the Mississippi squadron, is authorized to purchase as many as are required for use of that squadron.

GIDEON WELLS, Secretary of the Navy.

## Chance for Investment,

*At Big Sewickly Station, on the P. Ft. W. & C. R. R., Allegheny County*

THE subscriber offers for sale 200 acres of fine upland, suitable for a Dairy or Sheep Farm, with 40 acres of rich Creek Bottom; also, 100 acres of River Bottom.

This valuable property will be sold to purchasers. For particulars inquire of

W. C. DUNN,
oct28,'63. Remington Station,

## Estate of Harvey Gamble, dec'd.

LETERS of administration on the estate of HARVEY GAMBLE, late of Greene township, Beaver County, Penna., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JAMES BRITTAIN, Adm'r.,
oct15,'64 Greene tp.

## GERMANTOWN TELEGRAPH,

A Family and an Agricultural Journal,

DEVOTED TO

## CHOICE LITERATURE,

INCLUDING

**Poetry, Novelcetts, Tales,**

AND MORAL AND ENTERTAINING READING GENERALLY.

In the Literary Department we shall present the choicest varieties within the reach of our extended means. The Novelettes, Tales, Poetry, &c., shall be supplied from the best and highest sources, and be equal to anything to be found in any journal or magazine.

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EMBRACING

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*In all their branches, as conducted on the latest and most approved system.*

Our labors in this department for over thirty years, have met the cordial approbation of the public. Our purpose has been to furnish useful and reliable information upon these very important branches of industry, and to protect them so far as within our power against the false doctrines and selfish purposes of the many empires and sensation-adventurers by which the Farmer is incessantly assailed. This portion of the *Germantown Telegraph* will alone be worth the whole price of subscription, as every Farmer and Gardener, who has a proper conception of his calling, will readily admit.

## NEWS DEPARTMENT.

The same industry, care, and discrimination, in gathering and preparing the Stirring Events of the Day, expressly for this paper, which hitherto has been one of its marked features and given so universal satisfaction, will be continued with redoubled efforts to meet the increasing demands of the public. The labor required in this department is never fully appreciated by the reader. It would be impossible to present, the condensed and carefully made-up form in which it appears, a corrected mass of all the most interesting news of the week, without involving much physical labor, tact and judgment.

We annex the *cash terms*, to which we beg leave to call attention of all who think of subscribing for a newspaper:

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One copy, one year, $2; one copy, three years, $5,00; three copies, one year, $5,00; Five Copies, One Year, $8.00; Ten Copies, One Year, $15,00; Twenty Copies, One Year, $28,00.

☞ Subscription not paid within the year, $2,50.

☞ A Club of five subscribers, at $8, will entitle the person getting it up to a copy for six months; a Club of ten or more to a copy for one year. All Club subscriptions stopped at the end of the time paid for, unless re-ordered.

☞ No order will receive attention unless accomplished with the cash.

☞ Specimen numbers sent to applicants.

**PHILIP R. FREAS,**
**Editor and Proprietor.**

*Germantown, Philadelphia, Oct. 22, '62.*

## "VANITY FAIR."

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"VANITY FAIR is conducted by a vivacious, witty and intelligent corps of journalists."—*Litchfield* (Conn.) *Enquirer.*

"Will wield as potent an influence as that of the London *Punch.*"—*Boston Traveller.*

"Whosoever finds himself laughing at the wit of VANITY FAIR, and does not return a *quid pro quo*, is fit for treason, and spoils."—*N. Y. Crayon.*

SPECIAL NOTICE

The very marked and flattering success which has thus far attended the publication of "VANITY FAIR,"

Enables the publisher to announce that with the commencement of the Second Volume, issued this day, 30th June, New Features, both Literary and Artistic, will be introduced, which will increase the value and interest of the paper, and fully maintain the proud position unanimously accorded to it, as the leading

COMIC JOURNAL OF AMERICA.

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*War of Extermination against Bad Teeth*
*Bad Breath, Diseased Gums*
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The *Treatise on Preserving the Teeth*, sent, post paid, on receipt of TWELVE CENTS in stamps.

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Address,

*WM. B. HURD, CO.,*
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*Dr. Hurd's MOUTH WASH, TOOTH POWDER* and *TOOTHACHE DROPS* cannot be sent by mail, but they can probably be obtained at your Drug or Periodical Stores. If they cannot, send to us for the DENTAL TREASURY, Price, ONE DOLLAR, which contains them.

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The Editor of the *Brooklyn Da